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A STAGE REVIEW!

THE ACTORS IN PROCESSION.

Some Glimpses of the Great Ones—Booth and Fechter as Lovers—Salvini and Ristori—Edwin Adams and Barrett—Lotta and Anderson—Clara Morris.

Special Correspondence Constitution.

ON THE TRAIN, May 8.—I have never met the equal of Marion Knowles as a theatrical critic With a passion for the legitimate stage, he has seen every notable actor or actress that has appeared in America for the past twenty years, and with a discrimination that is rare and a taste clearly intuitive, he has made an estimate of the position each one is entitled to. His judgment is so accurate and the run of his gossip so interesting that I will spend a half-hour in transcribing the points of a talk I had with him—confessing, however, that I do so without his knowledge or consent. I find that there is nothing that interests a large portion of the public more than the flash of the footlights and gossip about the radiant creatures that stand behind them, and this must be my excuse for emblazoning in print a purely casual and social talk.

"I have been a theater goer," said Mr. Knowles, as we swept through the meadows of Roanoke valley, "ever since I was a child. One of the first recollections I have is of Robert Macaire, where the thief enters the room to slow music, stepping to the 'tum, tum, tum,' of the bass viol, and meeting discovery with a 'shriek eek' of the small fiddle that brought him to a stand still and raised the hair on my inexperienced head. From that time to the present I have seen every prominent actor or actress that has appeared in this country."

"Who is the finest actor that you have ever seen?"

"That is hard to answer, as some excel in one part and some in another. The strongest actor that I ever saw, though, in all the sense of that word, is Salvini. His Othello has never, in my opinion, been surpassed by mortal man. He is the only man that I would be willing to see play Lear. All the attempts to compass the infinite rage and grief of that masterpiece of Shakspeare have seemed too ridiculous to me. I believe though Salvini has the strength and comprehension to put Lear on the stage, as he must have appeared to Shakspeare when he loosed every impulse and scorned all limitation, in creating him, he had to be considering both were foreigners, and yet the greatest actress I ever saw was Ristori. The play of Marie Antoinette with Ristori in the title role was the grandest thing I ever saw on the stage. The play was most effectively mounted. In the scene where the commune breaks into the palace grounds, you could hear the twigs breaking in the gardens, the glass crashing in the windows, and the hoarse murmur of the mob as it drew near. And then the livid heads of street hags full of hate and triumph appeared, with long knives in their teeth as they climbed over the walls and the crowd followed these terrible forerunners. Then there were yells for the queen. With indescribable majesty Ristori walked on the balcony leading the dauphin by the hand. Lafayette followed and throwing the tri-color around the child commended him to France.

The band struck up the Marsaillaise. Ristori seemed to expand with majesty and emotion until she was superhuman—and the mob was stayed in the very presence of its victims. The execution scene was oppressive and painful in its power. In all the acts the beautiful hair of the queen had grown grayer and grayer, until at last it was white. As the executioner approached she stood like marble until he touched her on the shoulder At that hideous contact, a shudder ran through her frame that literally thrilled the house. The executioner then loosed her hair, and it fell like snow about her shoulders. He drew the shears from his belt, and throwing it loosely about his wrist clipped it off. He then turned her roughly from the audience, and tied her hands behind her back, and led her from the stage. Now it may seem strange, and yet I have never seen on the face of man or woman, such an expression of horror and despair, as there was in those two clinched hands tied at Ristori's back."

"There is no American actor to equal these?"

"None. Edwin Booth is easily the first of American actors, and I doubt if he has a superior, the range of his characters considered. A man who can play Iago and Bertuccio equally as well, or Hamlet and Othello must have wonderful genius. I predict that when Booth changes about with Irving and plays "Iago" to Irving's "Othello," he will astonish the British public, and score such a triumph as has seldom been equaled. Booth is the finest Iago that America ever saw, and it is incomparably his strongest part, I think. You may depend on it that he will be remembered as the perfect Iago when he leaves England One of Booth's strongest points is the wonderful fascination he has for women. He is handsome, of course, but this does not begin to account for his magnetism for women. They go crazy over his melancholy, his pallor, or something. I took a lady of fine taste once to see Fechter and Booth play Romeo and Juliet. Fechter was the finest lover that ever walked the stage. Passionate, and yet reverent—imperious, and yet tender—eloquent of gesture and accent—eyes, tongue, hands, attitude, all appealing and powerful, he was the very ideal of a lover. Booth, on the contrary, was cold, marble-like and almost indifferent. After we had seen both I asked the lady which she liked best. "I'll tell you," she said, "if I have been living I would have watched on the balcony and let Fechter climb up, but I would have gone down after Booth."

"What do you think of Barrett?" I asked Mr Knowles.

"He is mediocre. His Richelieu is passable, but cannot be compared to Booth's. Barrett is tragic all the time and everywhere. He eats dinner with just as tragic an air as he launches the curse against Rabas. It may be that this very staginess in private life prevents his getting justice when he is really acting for those who know him. But as to Richelieu, there never was but one man that could play it—and that was old Forrest. In the same way the one irreproachable Hamlet was Davenport. If there are four creations that will stand as samplers for all men, they were these two, Salvini as Othello—and, after awhile, Booth as Iago.

"The handsomest man that I ever saw on the stage—excepting possibly George Boniface when he was young—and one of the most charming actors, was Edwin Adams. He used to play a piece called 'Le Tour de Nesle,' in which he was immense. The plot ran that Margaret of Burgundy used to invite anyone who had displeased her to supper at her castle—and at two were there were found the next day in the Seine Adams, as the adventurer hero of the play, went one night and after scratching the face of the queen with a bodkin so that he would recognize her, escaped. The next day he found his scar-faced lady and denounced her. She had him thrown in jail, and went to his cell to gloat over his misery. He then disclosed to her the fact that when a page at her father's court he had been her lover, and that it was her child and his that had been killed at her castle the night before. She is overcome with remore and fear at this, and asks what compromise he will make. He demands to be her prime minister. She consents—and then he rises, throws back his hair in that royal cavalier way of his, extends his arm, pats it significantly, closes it slowly when she has placed her hand within it, and cries:

"Room! For Margaret of Burgundy and her prime minister!" and marches out of the jail.

"In these gallant dare-devil characters—never happy unless fighting, and never so happy as when fighting for love's sweet sake—Adams was incomparable. One of the sunniest and most delightful plays I ever saw was 'The Three Guardsmen,' with Adams as 'D'Artagnon,' Jim Collier as 'Athos,' John Wilkes Booth as 'Aramis' and Maffitt as 'Porthos.' There was a cast for you, and what a bright, fighting four they made! It was a treat to just see the happy, champagny fellows on the stage. And when Adams as 'D'Artagnon,' disguised, enters the ball room and gives the terror-stricken queen the diamonds that he has recovered from Buckingham, in England, just as the king orders her to produce them, the scene is electric. The finest bit of acting that the curtain ever went up on was Adams's 'Mercutio' when he was supporting Booth. His rendition of Queen Mab's speech, so stirring, so bright, so full of flavor—hangs about one like the memory of a glass of old wine."

"You spoke of Boniface just now. Did you ever see his 'Wilkins Micawber?' I would go a great ways to see the man who could materialize that airy and pathetic character."

"Yes; Boniface hardly succeeded in that. His make-up was excellent, and his conception good, but it was hardly light enough. I think Micawber is one of the most difficult characters to catch, in the range of acting. But I saw one man that met my expectation, and that was George Fawcett Rowe. He played it for more than a year and it was a treat. There is nothing in literature in which humor and pathos are so wedded as in this character, and they shade into each other so imperceptibly that unless the actor is delicate and sure in his touch, he is sure to misconstrue and blunder. But Rowe put Micawber and-all-that-appertains-thereto on the stage as if it had been materialized from the fancy of Dickens."

"Who is the finest comedian in this country?"

"Jefferson—beyond comparison. There is no such character actor anywhere in my opinion. His Rob Acres is a richer and more uncuncous piece of work than Rip Van Winkle—contrary to general opinion. Jefferson is perfect in whatever he undertakes. I first saw him when he and Boniface, Adams, Jack and Mary Devlin were playing in The Naiad Queen, and I have never seen him when everything he did was not finished and exquisite He is vastly superior to Owens, who has never touched the sense or emotion of any audience except in Caleb Plummer. Sothern, Robson, and Raymond are good of course in eccentric comedy, Raymond's Schabol Crane being the best all 'round there have been. I was astonished at the [illegible] ve of The Two Men of Sandy Bar, as Robs[illegible] was making a great thing of Culpepper Starbattle in it. I suppose the failure was due to the fact that it has too many strong parts and has never been fairly put on the stage."

"What about the actresses?"

"Clara Morris comes first of living Americans, I suppose, but she cannot be compared to Bernhardt. I saw them both in Camille, and Bernhardt's rendition is simply beyond comparison She played the character of 'Camille' as it was intended it should be played; as a Frenchwoman, living in the demi-monde, and fixed, not reformed, by a special love. When she determined to give Armand up, she plunged into her old life with all the gayety and abandon that had characterized her, before she met him. Consequently when she comes to the ball with De Varville she comes reckless, laughing and audacious—heated, and regretful, of course, when she sees Armand. This is the true conception of the character—true to Dumas' intention and true to life. In all the play there is nothing to show that she has been purified by this special passion that has transfixed her, or that she will not return to her old life when it is torn from her heart. Morris on the other hand, Puritanizes the character of the French courtesan, and in so doing makes it illogical, impossible and absurd. Dumas would never have located the plot in America or England; it is therefore out of the question to americanize the only character who makes the play most essentially French. Beyond the false conception that Morris has given it she cannot compare in action, attitude or scope to Bernhardt, and this, too, in the face of the fact that Bernhardt's leading supporter was worse than a second-class rocking chair."

"There are no actresses who are very prominent in America, outside of Clara Morris. Mary Anderson is not as good as she was two years ago, and has gained only intense staginess in exchange for the girlish freshness and sweetness that was so charming when she first appeared. I believe that Effie Elsler in Hazel Kirke, has won a place in the very first rank. The charm of that performance is its homelikeness. In looking at it you actually forget that you are in a theater. In ordinary plays if the men and women were to do in life as they do on the stage, they would bring in the whole neighborhood, and would even wake up the police. But the tragedy of Hazel Kirke, touching all the depths of human passion and despair, might be played thoughtout as Elsler and Couldock play it in a tenement house without disturbing the lodgers on the next floor. In the scene where Hazel comes home at night, and crouches at her blind father's feet, while he curses her, not knowing that she is present, and that her life or death hangs on his welcome, the scene for quiet intense power, surpasses anything I ever saw. And later, when he discovers that she is in the water drowning, and his father's love declares itself, she gropes about blindly, crying in that strong, hoarse old English accent, "Hazel's drowning—drowning—and I can't help her.'" he puts more grief in the human voice than I thought it could bear. As an equal to Elsler's Hazel I would put the 'Billy Piper' of Mrs. Kitty Blanchard Rankin in the Danites. That is one of the few things on the stage that a man may see a hundred times and never be able to offer a suggestion or start a criticism. The part fits like an inspiration. Effie Elsler and Mrs. McKee Rankin are among the best actresses in this country."

"Who do you consider the handsomest woman on the stage?"

"Eleanor Calhoun. There was a time when I thought Charlotte Thompson the prettiest actress on the stage. That was years ago when she was playing 'Dot' to Owens's Caleb Plummer. She was a perfect beauty then and is handsome now. Kate Forsyth is the prettiest ugly woman I ever saw. To study her face, you will find all her features faulty and yet the general effect she makes is charming. She is considered one of the beauties of the stage. Of course none of them touch Adelaide Neilson. She was the most beautiful woman I ever saw and perhaps never had an equal as 'Rosalind,' 'Juliet,' and her particular round of characters. We shall never look on her like again. Mary Anderson has lost much of her beauty with her freshness, her face now has a strained, tense look. Eleanor Calhoun is very beautiful and is full of promise. Our stage is strong in actresses, but there are none of very special prominence or characteristics."

"Who are the richest of the actors?"

"By a coincidence that may be something more than a coincidence they are three comedians—Jefferson, Owens and John Sleeper Clarke—Booth's brother-in-law. They are worth over $100,000 each—though Owens has lately lost heavily in mines. Booth would be very wealthy if it were not for his losses in the Booth's theater enterprise. It is said that he is rich anyhow and owns a great deal of Chicago property. His father-in-law, McVicker, invests for him his earnings, which are very large. It is a notable fact that Booth never lets any of his women people go on the stage. He married Mary Devlin, who was in the stock of the old Richmond theater and she left the stage at once. She bore him a daughter, who has been kept from the stage, and died. He then married Miss McVicker, who was supporting him at Booth's, and she at once left the stage. She is now dying. Booth played the highest native engagement ever played in this country—getting $14,000 for eleven nights in Boston. Edwin Forrest got $60,000 for three nights a week for six months—72 performances. Sara Bernhardt surpasses all other engagements—carrying home $200,000 as the result of six months' work and about 130 performances. That engagement will probably never be surpassed, and yet she deserved every cent she got."

"Do you see any successor to Forrest and Booth, or to Cushman and Neilson?"

"I'm afraid not—Keene, McCullough and Sheridan are the most promising actors, and yet I do not believe either one of them will ever touch Booth or Forrest, or even Davenport. Keene is a painstaking actor and has improved somewhat, but I do not think his most sanguine friends ever hope to see him wearing Booth's mantle. McCullough is such a royal good fellow that he gets the best possible opinion from everybody, and yet outside of his Virginius, which is a massive, statuesque and strong, there is nothing that he does that suggests equality with his old master, Forrest. Sheridan is talented and full of fire, but who will say that he can put Louis XI. on the stage as Mr. and Mrs. Charles Kean used to do it. Barrett has done as well as he can ever hope to do, and he has not reached the plane on which these men are placed. Fechter let liquor alone and Booth did not, and had he realized the truth of that line he spoke so matchlessly as Claude Melnotte, "There is a future for all men who have the energy to repent and the virtue to atone," he might have equalled Davenport and given us a duplicate of his Giles Overreach. As Claude, he was unequalled. His rendition of the lines, uttered when he kisses his fainting wife, "This sets the seal on the happiness of hope, at the door of which, like some sorrowing angel sits sad Memory for ever," it was worth a ten-mile walk to hear. It is possible that some man may reach perfection in some special character—as for instance Barney Sullivan in Richard. I have seen over fifty Richards, from Sullivan and Forrest down to E. D'Orsey Ogden, who played it during the war, and appeared on Bosworth field in a red flannel shirt, and Sullivan was the best I ever saw without being first in anything else. Our actors now run to specialties, and are satisfied to be abnormal—Dundrearies, Sellers, Whitcombs or Gillypads instead of thorough students and stock actors, out of which they may rise as real stars.

Among the women, there is but one thing to be said. If Mary Anderson will study and put herself under a competent teacher we may see the successor to Cushman, and she may aspire to rival Neilson at the same time. But she has a great deal to unlearn before she can do either. Fanny Davenport has done the best she can ever do. So has Ada Dyas Cavendish, and Gray, Sara Jewett and Rose Eytinge, and Kate Claxton. Clara Morris is hardly equal to another creation than the unique one she has made. Rose Coghlan can never do anything as well as she does Lady Teazle, and it seems to me that the present hope of a great tragedienne lies with Mary Anderson."

I might fill a half dozen columns with the entertaining opinions and gossip of my pleasant collocutor—but it's hot, and I must forbear.

H. W. G.

Vanderbilt Theological Hall.

NASHVILLE, May 9.—The theological hall of the Vanderbilt university was formally dedicated yesterday afternoon in one of its lecture rooms which was thronged with people. Bishop Paine, senior bishop of the Southern Methodist church, presided. It being the sixtieth birthday of W. H. Vanderbilt, the donor, a full length portrait of that gentleman was hung in the hall. In his name Bishop McTyiere, president of the board of trustees, presented the building to the senior bishop for formal reception and dedication, which ceremonies were impressively performed. A rising vote of thanks was tendered to Vanderbilt by the faculty, students and citizens. The building cost over $100,000 and will accommodate 200 persons.

Receipts of Six Per Cents.

WASHINGTON, May 9.—The aggregate amount of six per cent bonds received at the treasury department up to date for continuance at 3½ per cent was $112,561,800. It is estimated that this amount, together with packages of bonds at the department not yet counted and upwards of fifteen millions in the treasurer's office not included in the above, will swell the aggregate amount to at least one hundred and forty millions, leaving but about fifty millions of six per cents outstanding.

A Shooting Match.

ST. LOUIS, May 9—A shooting match for $200 a side, 100 birds, three yards rise, English rules, took place here yesterday evening, between Captain Regardus and W. H. Mitchell, of Virginia, which was won by Regardus, the score standing 80 to 78 Another match for the same amount and with the same terms will be shot next week.

THE FLOW OF BLOOD

THAT DELUGES SOUTHWEST GEORGIA

A Horrible Mystery that Baffles the Knowledge of Americus—Two Sumter County Men in Deathly Embrace—One Dooly County Brother Shoots the Other.

Special dispatch to the Constitution.

AMERICUS, May 9.—The city was thrown into considerable excitement this morning, by the report that the body of a murdered man had been found lying upon the stage in Fish Pond hall. The building is used by the city as a public school building, in which a large number of colored children are taught. The discovery was made by a little negro boy who went there for the purpose of sweeping out the house. The body was soon recognized as that of Austin Ellis, a young colored man of this place. Seven ghastly wounds were found upon the heap and in the neck of the poor fellow, all of which had apparently been inflicted with a pocket knife. One wound was in the left temple and penetrated some distance into the brain, most of the others were in the throat. One of the doors of the building had been broken open. The ghastly corpse was wrapped up in the stage curtain which had been wrenched from the rings to which it had been attached. The coat of the man was off and placed carefully under his head. An inquest was held but the matter still remains a bloody mystery.

Two men, one named Milt Hart and the other Jesse Register, fought with knives in the fifteenth district of this county on Saturday last, and both are now lying at death's door, Register having been cut all to pieces, one wound penetrating to his liver, and Hart having been almost completely disemboweled.

Over in Dooly yesterday Jeff Stovall was shot and instantly killed by his brother Joe The report says that Joe was engaged in an altercation with his wife, when Jeff, in order to protect the lady, interfered in some way as a peace-maker, which angered his brother to such an extent that he shot him down after he had gone out into the garden. Joe is now in jail, completely overwhelmed at the result of his rash act.

MACON, May 9.—The other day Lieutenant Wylie, of the police force, in looking over the rogue's bulletin discovered the description of a man wanted in St. Louis, for robbing the Western hotel safe of $3,000. The description had been on file ever since October, but in some manner did not reach the eye of Lieutenant Wylie. As soon as he read it, he knew his man was in town, and had been for several months. He at once began a search for him, and finally spotted him at the boarding house of Mrs. Boldin late on Saturday night. He called at the house and asked for Mr. Eagan—the name under which he sailed while here. Eagan arose and came out when Lieutenant Wylie arrested him. He was very anxious to know why he was arrested, and voluntered the information that he was compelled to change his name for various minor offenses. When told the reason for his capture he denied ever having seen St. Louis; but when Lieutenant Wylie asked him to take out his false teeth, three in number, he caved completely. He was lodged in jail and awaits the arrival of the St. Louis authorities. The proprietor of the robbed hotel offered a reward of $500 for his apprehension, which is quite a snug little bonanza for a man like Wylie to stumble on. On the person of Eagan, or Slater, as he was known in St. Louis, was found a thousand dollars and a pistol which he acknowledged as having taken from Conductor Welsh of the Southwestern railroad Eagan has been living the life of a sport while here, and it is quite probable that a very big hole was ate into the $3,000. He is a stoutish, red-faced man, with a limp in his gait. Lieutenant Wylie deserves no little credit for so deftly landing his game, and if the man proves to be the right party, and of which there is no doubt, will haul in a handsome prize in the way of reward.

ROME, May 8.—The preparations for the reception of the press convention in this city next Wednesday are now complete. The following programme of entertainment has been agreed upon: Wednesday afternoon, a prize regatta; also a phantom ride through the city by the convention. Thursday afternoon at 4 o'clock, an excursion down the Coosa river, returning at 7—at night, a grand banquet at Noble's hall. There will be several other interesting features, but they have not yet been fully decided upon. When this thing is certain, the convention will be well entertained, dined, wined and toasted in the hill city. Our people will receive them with open hospitality and a generous welcome, and the representatives of the Georgia press will doubtless long remember their visit to Rome. Thursday night the annual meeting of the Young Men's library association will be held. The election for president, vice-president, secretary, treasurer and three directors will take place, and an amendment to the constitution increasing the trustees' dues to two dollars per year. The following programme for the Masonic celebration on the 24th of June has been decided upon: At 10 o'clock a. m., a work in the third degree; at 4 p. m., oration at the Nevin opera house by some distinguished Mason from abroad; at night a grand banquet and ball. The affair will undoubtedly be a great success. It has been decided to invite lodges north of Rome to Tunnel Hill, east to Atlanta, south, to Talladega, and down the Coosa river to Gadsden. A large number of visiting brethren will be present. —There will be an excursion down the river on the steamer S. P. Smith to-morrow evening. Mr. J. A. Shanklin has assumed charge of the local department of the Daily Bulletin. Mr. Shanklin is an entertaining and graceful writer, and he will doubtless make the local department of the Bulletin very attractive.——W. J. Gilbert will not now his editorial charge of the Courier. Mr. Clement has considerable experience in newspaper writing, and he will "hold up his corner" in the Courier.——The entertainments given Friday afternoon and evening by Professor Agostini and Miss Lula Lyons, of Atlanta, were well attended and heartily enjoyed by our people. The children did remarkably well, and it would be hard to particula ize. Miss Lula Lyons made a splendid impression, and filled her part remarkably well. At night a grand hop at Cohen's hall was enjoyed by the young people.

GRIFFIN, May 9.—Miss Kitte Westbrook, principal of the musical department of the Hawkinsville institute, returned to her duties this morning after a pleasant stay of two or three days with her Griffin friends Miss Laura Brown, of Atlanta, is visiting Miss Jennie Flemister; Miss Lizzie Hill, is the guest of Miss Maybelle Powell, of Barnesville; Miss Helen Stanley, of Flat Shoals, is visiting Mrs. J. W. Little; Mr. George L. Cope, Jr., arrived from Savannah yesterday and will spend the summer at "Mary Villa;" Captain John M. Kell, of Sunny Side, is in the city this morning looking remarkably well.——The cotton factory question is again being agitated.——The Georgia hotel has been put in thorough repair for the summer. It is now as neat as a pin.——Mr. C. A. Niles, of the News, leaves to-morrow for the press convention at Rome. The Griffin Light Guard will hold its annual target practice to-morrow. An elegant silver set is offered for the best shot among the honorary members. The company prize is a red plume. In the absence of Captain Bass, Lieutenant W. B. Hammond will be in command.——Mr. Carter Carmichael, of Jackson, died Saturday evening very suddenly. He was in Griffin Saturday morning, presumably in good health. That night he was a corpse. No man in Butts county was more universally esteemed than Mr. Carmichael.

EASTMAN, May 8.—Superior court adjourned yesterday until Thursday, 26th, of this month. Of the week's session four days were taken up in the trial of an important equity cause, viz: Mr. L. DeVaughn vs. William Pitt Eastman et al.; bill in equity and prayer to have a certain deed brought into court and cancelled, on the ground that it is a cloud upon the title of complainant and is a forgery. The jury were out nearly a day and night, and upon their answers to the issues submitted, his honor, Judge Fain ordered and decreed that the deed be delivered up and cancelled. Respondent's counsel will move for a new trial. In this case there are some sixty or seventy lots of lands involved, worth at least $20,000 or $30,000. Messrs. McArthur and Griffin are the real respondents, although there are a good many nominal parties. Complainants were represented by J. A. Hall, Samuel Hall, C. C. Kibbee, and George W. Jordan; respondents by R. K. Hines, Roberts and DeLacy.

ATHENS, May 8.—McGinty's large brick store is completed on Broad street. Talmadge Hodgson's new warehouse on the back of the old Henderson lot has been commenced. It will be a mammoth concern.——Sylvanus Morris has been appointed city court solicitor, in place of Mr. L. W. Thomas resigned.——Horseback riding is becoming very popular with the ladies.——The old Talmadge blacksmith shop on Oconee street has been torn down and will be replaced by a fine residence.——Miss Mollie Gann, daughter of Mr. Jessie Gann died on Thursday of consumption.——The corner stone of the Jewish synagogue will be laid as soon as the rabbi arrives in this city.——The shoe manufactory of R. P. & J. G. Eberhart will open a new department for the turning out of all finer grades of shoes.——Seven thousand dollars have been subscribed by the members of the First Methodist church to remodel and repair the building—several thousand are needed still.

STONE MOUNTAIN, May 9.—A serious cutting scrape occurred at this place Saturday. A difficulty between some white men and a negro, whose name is Nelson Thomas, occurred in Shepard's barroom, in which the negro was struck on the head and his skull fractured. He received also a severe blow on the temple and was stabbed through the right lung and in the right side below the ribs. A severe stab was also made in the right thigh. The negro is now under the treatment of Dr. C. L. Summey, but is in a dangerous condition. The origin of the fight was about this: Mr. Dollie Kimbrell was at the counter of the bar and was about to take a glass of beer, when the negro, who was drunk, attempted to drink the beer. Words passed between the two men, and the negro was slapped in the face. No sooner was it done than some person hit the negro on the head with a rock, and at once the fight began, which resulted in the negro being cut, as stated above. The men who did the cutting are known to the officers of the law, and will be arrested as soon as a little more evidence can be secured against them. The negro had been drunk all day and had insulted quite a number of people about a ten dollar bill which he claimed to have lost.——The town now has street car connection on the main road on picnic days.——A cow belonging to Mr. Jeff Britt, of Gwinnett county, gave birth to five calves a few days ago. She died.——Mr. James Shepard has one of his fine Brahmin cow to Capt. John F. Edwards.

CEDARTOWN, May 8.—THE CONSTITUTION has captured and now holds the fort of public esteem at this point. Whenever the daily fails to come on time, which rarely occurs, our clever postmaster is the recipient of an aggravated assault of whys and wherefores.—Mr. warren treen, one of the proprietors of a saw mill, situated three miles east of town, was on yesterday severely cut on the hand and wrist by the main saw, and in consequence will probably lose some of his fingers, if not his hand.——The Cherokee furnace commenced its new blast on yesterday, and today ade its first run of pig iron.——The Phillips mill company have placed their saw mill on the iron work's yard near the creek. Saw logs for the same will be delivered by the railroad.

TALBOTTON, May 7.—Our railroad has at last been completed, and the town is agog; men, women and children are excited over it. All honor to the Central railroad and to Captain Thornton and W. H. Martin. The people of Talbotton will never forget them. Trains on our road now connect with all trains on the Southwestern railroad at Bostick, the junction.——Rain is needed and gardens are suffering.——County commissioners have placed liquor license at $500 and the county prisoners escaped jail a few days since, thereby giving another of the many reasons why Talbot county needs a new jail. Let our commissioners take the hint.

FORSYTH, May 7.—Some time ago THE CONSTITUTION published a type sample of a very odd and amusing waiver note binding the maker by oath not to take the homestead; but I think I can furnish you a specimen equally unique, in the following which was placed in the Forsyth bank by the holder for collection, and was duly paid: "Forsyth Ga Feb 23rd 1881—Received of W. J. Forsyth Ga Feb 23rd 1881—Received of W. J. Griffin $175.00 for failure to take a nigh mowing on one buggy and grey horse to see cure the purchis money that has beene advanced to him. John Smith." The names are of course fictitious above, but the transaction otherwise is a real one

ATHENS, May 8.—Mr. J. R. Wood, of Gainesville, was married to Miss Florence Jackson yesterday, by Rev. W. W. Wadsworth. Mr. J. S. Nolan was married to Miss Mattie Leseur, of this city by Rev. W. W. Lampkin, on the same day. Also Mr. Bush, of Jefferson, to Miss Myrtle Patman, of this city, by Rev. C. W. Lane.——The ladies are beginning preparations for entertaining the fire companies in grand style.——Hon. Emory Speer is at home again, and is visited by his cousin, Eugene Speer.—The lawyers are busy preparing for superior court next week.

THOMASTON, May 9.—Our superior court adjourned last Saturday after disposing of about one hundred cases. John Brown, who has been in jail for some time, pleaded guilty to an assault with intent to commit a rape, and was sentenced for fifteen years.——The Webb house came near burning yesterday. One of the guests left a coal oil stove fire on a bed which soon ignited. When the fire was discovered the flames nearly reached the ceiling of the room. The fire was at once extinguished.

WASHINGTON, Ga., May 9.—As the train was returning from barnett where it had been to meet the democratic club on yesterday, it ran over a cross tie and rock placed on the track on a sharp curve near Hardin's creek, ten miles south of here. The engine and coach were thrown from the track and turned over on their sides All on board escaped uninjured. The rock weighed about 150 pounds. From the position of the train we don't see how it was possible for no one to be hurt.

MONTGOMERY, Ala., May 9.—The Alabama state sportsman association met in annual convention to-day. Fifteen shooting clubs contested for the diamond badge. The Mobile club was successful. To-morrow the shooting will be free for all. Visitors are here from several states, and a great interest is manifested in the contests.

What the Papers Say.

Americus Republican.

A Schley county gentleman who has been on a visit to Hawkinsville returned home last week through Dooly county, and saw what he took to be a very economical way of planting cotton. A young man was driving a mule, laying out the row; following behind him was the old man with a bag of cotton seed, which he was dropping made to consult himself and Mr. Conkling. He had absolved him (Platt) from his pledges. rope, which was attached to a plow, and this had a board in the place of the ploughshare to cover the seed. The mule was guided by the old man's boy. All of the parties were white and stated that they could do as much work in that way as colored people would do with the ploughs. It was a kind of labor-saving process, and did away with extra mules.

Washington Gazette.

The following circumstance was related to us by a gentleman of this county, whose veracity is undoubted, and he vouches for the truth of the statement. We did not know that we can relate it exactly in his own words, but we can give the substance of it. A negro woman living on his plantation, and who during the past winter became very poor—so poor indeed that some of her bones had rubbed through the skin. Several days since she conceived the notion of about to relate took place the woman said to her husband. "Joe you see that buzzard flying around? I believe he is waiting for me to die, so sow to die." For a day or so the buzzard hovered around the cow lot where the sow generally stayed, and every now and then would alight on the fence, and watch the sow as she moped about the lot eating grass. The next day while the woman was in the lot milking the cow, the buzzard, becoming impatient for the sow to die, flew from the fence and lit upon the sow's back. The force of the descent knocked the sow down, and as she turned over made a grab at the buzzard, catching him between the neck and the body and actually bit off his head, and devoured him feathers and all. Our informant says the sow is still living and getting fat.

Washington Gazette.

The clock upon the cupola of the court-house is a fine specimen of honest work. It was made in Boston and at this time a clock of its kind could be bought for about $800, but in those days probably cost a great deal more. No one can be found who knows anything certain of its early history, but the impression is, that it was presented to the town by a young lady. For nearly three quarters of a century (it having been put up in 1817) it has ticked off the minutes and hours, and to-day it strikes as boldly upon the sweet sounding bell as it did sixty-four years ago. It has toiled out the death of our fathers and chimed in the birth of our children, and is as fair to perform the same services for generations yet to come. A faithful and venerable chronicler of time, though it utters truth and nothing but truth, it has registered our moments of pleasure and pain, until it has become enshrined in the heart of the people as almost a member of the family—a friend trusted and beloved.

Time, the ruthless destroyer of all things, seems to have laid its hand gently upon this grand old time piece; generations born within the sound of its voice have entered upon the stage of life, acted their parts and passed away, while the old clock continues to strike in the days, and out into the nights, unceasingly. Where is the Washingtonian, who when a school child, has not sat and listened eagerly to catch its deep, mellow tones as it announced the hour for dismission? Or where are the hundreds of Sunday-school children, now grown up men and women, who have not, on each bright Sabbath morning in the long ago, watched its gilded hands slowly move around to the hour at which the village church bells would proclaim the time of worship?

Wiregrass Watchman.

Whilst the proud cotton belts and mineral fields of Georgia are boasting of their resources, the once derided wiregrass section is steadily advancing to the front and keeping even pace in the strides of progression with her more pompous sister sections. To our already immense turpentine, lumber sheep husbandry and agricultural interests, is yet to be added at no day far distant, an enterprise of immense proportions, entirely new in its features, and hence but little dreamed of until a quite recent date. The said enterprise is nothing more nor less than the erection of an extensive factory for the manufacture of different mercantile commodities from the wiregrass straw which can be found in such an abundance throughout this section of the state. A strong company, composed of northern capitalists has been formed, with a view to engaging in the enterprise, and already have land owners in this section been conferred with, with a view to the most desirable location. It is generally believed and hoped that the factory will be located in either the county of Telfair or Montgomery. Let us trust that the enterprise will meet with the proper encouragement. When we remember to what advantage the straw was used, even in its raw state, during the late war in the manufacture of hats, baskets, and other articles of use and convenience, the wonder to us is that something in this direction has not been attempted ere this.

Held for Trial.

PHILADELPHIA, PA., May 9.—Joseph R. Black, William R. Cason and Joseph Blackman, charged with defrauding the government in mail contracts, were arraigned for final hearing before United States Commissioner Smith this evening. Their counsel stated he had been informed that Henry C. Austin would also be present but that the defendants failed to appear. The commissioner stated it was evident from the testimony that Blackman was the principal in the transaction but the others were equally responsible. The prisoners were thereupon held in $5,000 bond each for their appearance at the coming term of the United States district court, which begins on Monday next.

Suicide of a Bride.

PHILADELPHIA, May 9.—Yesterday morning a woman leaped from the Girard-avenue bridge into the Schuylkill river and was drowned. Her hat and veil, found floating in the water, were identified as the property of Mrs. Mary Patterson, a woman 28 years of age, who was married on Wednesday last, the day before committing suicide. She was highly respected, and her husband, John Patterson, is a leading manufacturer. Her friends believe that the prospect of continued poor health, and the excitement attending her marriage had affected her reason. The body was recovered this evening.

In Collision.

LONDON, May 9.—A dispatch to Lloyd's from Copenhagen says the British steamers Ben Lomond, from New Orleans, and Nawortn Castle, from New York, came in collision in the Roads. The Ben Lomond is leaking and has been beached.

A DECISIVE CUT

FOR THE OHIO FENCE-RIDER.

The Senate Committee Sits its Face Against Stanley Matthews's Aspirations—The Story of the Mentor Treaty From the Conkling Side.

WASHINGTON, May 9.—The senate judiciary committee this morning voted to report adversely on the nomination of Stanley Matthews as associate justice of the supreme court. No nomination was reported accordingly to the senate in executive session this afternoon. It is understood that the vote in the committee on this nomination was as follows in favor of confirmation: Lamar; against confirmation: Edmunds, Logan, Ingalls, McMillan, Davis of Illinois, and Bayard; absent: Conkling and Garland.

——The Conkling party's version of the Robertson appointment, concisely stated, is as follows: They claim that Robertson was induced by definite promises of signal recognition to leave the Grant forces from New York at Chicago and go over to Blaine, with the further understanding that, if Blaine was not nominated, whoever was by the help of the Blaine vote should recognize the Robertson claim. General Garfield had become the nominee through the full support of the Blaine element, and the latter insisted upon the reward promised Robertson, and, as a consequence, it was agreed at Mentor that he should receive some prominent place, though at that time no particular office was named. This was the first chapter in this history, as the Conkling men declare they know it to be.

The second chapter is, as they relate it, wholly a Blaine affair. It is to the effect that when the contest for the New York senatorship was in progress last winter a number of men from New York city, including representatives of one noted capitalist, and all in the interest of Mr. Blaine, who had their assurances that he was to be secretary of state, went to Albany to see what could be effected against Mr. Conkling. After looking over the field, an agreement was entered into with Mr. Platt to give him the support of Mr. Robertson and other efficient aid in case he would agree to vote as United States senator for the confirmation of Robertson to any place to which Mr. Garfield might nominate him. To this Mr. Platt agreed in the most binding manner. Thereupon the necessary aid was extended, and his nomination carried in the caucus. Here ends the second chapter.

The third chapter sets forth that when President Garfield come to coafer with Senator Conkling he found that the senator fully expected to be allowed to control the custom house whenever a change should take place, and Mr. Merritt's term ended. Mr. Conkling's self-assertion was so great, and his claims and bearing such as to convince the president that he would not be able to long avoid a collision with him, and as it was decided that it would be best, all things considered, to have the contest on the threshold of the administration rather than wait till the middle of it when Mr. Merritt's term would expire.

The next step was the determination to nominate Robertson as collector, which step was urged upon the president by Mr. Blaine and taken without advising with either of the New York senators, or with the vice president, or Postmaster General James, the representatives of New York in the cabinet. To the surprise of the president and Mr. Blaine, the promise made by Senator Platt to vote for the confirmation of Robertson did not hold, as Senator Platt, immediately after the nomination was known, went to New York, where, while acknowledging that he had pledged himself to vote for Robertson, he claimed that the president by not observing the agreement he made to consult himself and Mr. Conkling, had absolved him (Platt) from his pledges. This information and much more was promptly sent Mr. Blaine, who laid it before the president. The further information would be given the president, that Senator Platt declared that the nomination of Robertson was an insult to Conkling Arthur and himself, and that the president must be forced to withdraw it, and that the Conkling plan would be first to attempt to force him to recall Robertson's name. The parties who, in the interests of Mr. Blaine, had aided in securing the nomination of Platt by the republican caucus, also sent word to the president through Mr. Blaine, that they would be glad to be informed whenever any pressure was needed to compel Senator Platt to carry out his pledge.

The Conkling men are now watching Mr. Platt more carefully than ever, and they now claim that they have beaten Mr. Blaine at this attempt to interfere in New York politics to Mr. Conkling's disadvantage, and that Senator Platt will stand firmly with his colleague against the confirmation of Robertson.

——Justice W. B. Woods, of the supreme court of the United States, was banqueted at Newark, Ohio, last night at the residence of his brother-in-law, Gen. R. S. Woods.

——The census office has issued a preliminary exhibit of the statistics of the daily press of the United States during the census year, from which the following figures are obtained: The total number of daily journals in the country during the census year is placed at 962, which includes 80 dailies which were suspended, and 114 which were established in the course of the year. The aggregate annual daily circulation is placed at 3,581,187, and the aggregate annual circulation at 112,733,735. With an aggregate daily circulation of 3,581,187, at the average price per annum of

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ATLANTA, GA., MAY 10, 1881.

THE crop reports from England and the continent are "mixed." The spring season has been cold and backward, but still a fair crop is expected. The weather was at last accounts improving, and the general outlook improves with the weather.

THE nomination of Stanley Matthews as an associate justice of the supreme court was disapproved yesterday by the judiciary committee, and it is to be hoped that the senate will agree with its committee. The supreme court already contains a full quota of Ohio men and railroad lawyers.

THE special train that railroad authorities propose to dispatch for the benefit of the members of the Georgia press association, will leave the car-shed in Atlanta at 11 o'clock to-morrow morning. This is official. We are further requested to state that members who have not been supplied with complimentary tickets for their passage to Rome, can procure them by applying to Mr. B. W. Wrenn, general passenger agent, who has a fine stock on hand.

GOVERNMENT fours are now worth 116½ and it is now conceded that three per cents could have been marketed. It is singular that the conclusions of a republican administration are always in the interest of the capitalists and against the mass of the people. No chances are ever taken in favor of the people. For a generation the people will be compelled, on account of the blundering veto of a republican president, to pay 3½ per cent on a loan that could have been placed at three per cent.

THE Chicago Times has dispatches from every part of the spring-wheat states, and from them it concludes that the situation is satisfactory. The spring-wheat crop is about 30 per cent of the total wheat crop of the United States, and in Minnesota, Nebraska and Dakota very little winter wheat is sown. In these three states all that could be desired, and in the other spring-wheat states the crop is good. An exceptionally large harvest is now expected.

THE republic of France is displaying considerable backbone over the announcement that the Turkish government had decided to dispatch some of its iron-clads to Tunis. President Grevy informs the porte that he will bore its iron-clads through and through if they cast anchor in Tunisian waters. France does not acknowledge the suzerainty of the sultan, and she does not propose to let the Sick Man of the east embarrass her operations in Tunis. The Sick Man will be apt to take the hint so far as his iron-clads are concerned.

THE president will not participate in the Cowpens celebration; for he has a fight on his hands that keeps him as alert as General Morgan was when the British drove in his skirmishers. He is now face to face with the stalwarts. Some, however, regard it more as a life-and-death struggle between the two great bosses of the republican party—Blaine and Conkling. In either case the democrats are the balance of power, and they should take good care that the fight is so conducted that the New York democrats will not hereafter have to contend with a bargain between the corrupt sections of the two parties.

IT is now said that the tories have practically agreed to make Lord Salisbury their leader, instead of the cautious Northcote. This conclusion pleases the liberals, for the noble lord is not a great speaker, a wise or a popular man. He is wayward, unreliable, and untrustworthy. While he was at the head of the foreign office under Lord Beaconsfield he negotiated a treaty with Germany, the existence of which he publicly denied. The subsequent exposure was very damaging. Such a man cannot win strength among moderate men. He is however an out-and-out tory, and the party could not well have selected a fitter exponent of their views and purposes.

THE centennial anniversary of the battle of Cowpens is to be celebrated at Spartanburg by the unveiling of the statue of General Morgan. The brave old general had retreated before the superior force that Cornwallis had sent to destroy him, but when he reached Cowpens, then a grazing farm, he decided to retreat no farther, but to give battle. He won a decided and important victory. This event is to be celebrated at Spartanburg to-morrow. THE CONSTITUTION will have a representative on the ground, and it will present on Thursday morning a complete account, not only of to-morrow's ceremonies, but of the events which they commemorate.

The Corner in Clay Peas.

There is nothing very extraordinary in the appearance of the clay pea. It is not as gaudy as the whippoorwill pea, nor yet as dainty as the lady pea; nevertheless the pea is really an extraordinary pea. In fact it is a remarkable pea. In some mysterious way, apparent only to practical agricultural chemists, it commends itself to the sugar planters of Louisiana. It seems that these planters use it to recuperate their lands. They sow it upon their plantations, giving the soil the benefit of a dense shade, and then turn it under as a fertilizer. Thus far, they have discovered no substitute for the clay pea. The clay pea they must have, no matter what the cost. Another peculiarity of the clay pea is that its growth is confined to an area that extends to portions of South and North Carolina and East Tennessee. The whippoorwill pea will grow in sawdust, but the clay pea calls for peculiar conditions of soil and climate.

These facts make it possible for shrewd men of a speculative turn to make a corner in the market. This has been attempted for several years past, but, owing to miscalculations or lack of concert of action, the speculators have generally been brought to grief. The corner this season, however, has been successful. It has been managed by one man, and the care with which all the calculations were made, has borne its fruit in extraordinary profits.

The clay pea ring, as it exists to-day, is composed of seven or eight men, the organizers being prominent citizens of Dalton and Griffin. The demand in the New Orleans market has heretofore taken about one hundred and eighty thousand bushels. With this fact as a basis, the organizers of the corner pursued their way eagerly into the statistics of the subject. They discovered that the crop would be twenty thousand bushels short—in other words, that only about one hundred and sixty thousand bushels would be gathered. They thereupon armed themselves for the conflict, and proceeded to buy up the crop. In point of fact, they bought one hundred and forty thousand bushels, at from 60 cents a bushel to $1.03, and the market has been squeezed and tightened until the price has reached $1.75 and $2.06—figures which show a comfortable sum to the credit of those who arranged the corner.

These speculative corners are becoming very fashionable, and there is no telling how soon the genii of the ring will arrange to squeeze the market on whippoorwill peas. Our farmers should, therefore, take time by the hindleg as well as the forelock, and plant largely of those varieties of peas, which, unlike the clay pea, are not loaded. It might be in order to denounce corners of all sorts, but the cornering would go on all the same. We hope, moreover, that the day will come when the farmers of the south will be enabled to corner the cotton market in their own interest and behalf.

THE northern republican organs declare that the independents in the south are worthier of patronage than the colored leaders. Well—perhaps they are. Questions of this sort the republicans must settle with the colored people themselves.

THE Bainbridge Democrat ought to be impressed with the statement in the Savannah News to the effect that the extension to Pollard, which would not be under the control of the Georgia commission, was abandoned by Mr. Plant because he thought it best, owing to the existence of the aforesaid commission, to build a line from Waycross to Jacksonville, and thence through Florida to Pollard. It would seem from this that the effect of the commission is astonishing as well as mysterious. The News is of the opinion that this statement is "irrefragable proof" that the commission has injured the railroads of Georgia.

BOB INGERSOLL speaks in favor of both republicanism and infidelity. This is not by any means an evidence of versatility, because the two doctrines are closely allied

PARTIES preparing to construct railroads in Georgia should bear in mind that such a course is calculated to upset the alleged arguments of the Savannah News with respect to the effect of the railroad commission.

IT may be mentioned here as a matter of current news that the citizens of Ohio are still in the ring.

THE statement attributed to Colonel Marcellus Thornton to the effect that Georgia is a republican state on a full ballot of a fair count ought to attract the attention of the president. Colonel Thornton is a much bigger man than Mahone, notwithstanding the fact that the latter has managed to feel his way into the senate.

MR. BLAINE has turned his attention from the American hog to the republican boss. The transition—so to say—is easy and natural.

THE administration has appeared before the astonished eyes of Conkling in a new spring base-ball suit. Mr. Conkling will presently get astraddle of a corn-stalk horse, and make his appearance as the Plumed Knight of the Pickle-Dish.

CONGER is yet to hear from. Between this statesman's silence and the uproar he is capable of creating, there is large room for a national crisis.

A CORRESPONDENT writes to ask whether Senator Brown will support Garfield or Conkling in the approaching contest. THE CONSTITUTION is not informed. The southern democrats are under no obligations to either Garfield or Conkling, nor is there any need that they should be. Our opinion is, however, that Senator Brown, in common with a majority of the southern democrats, will support the administration. There is no reason why he should not, and several reasons why he should.

FRYE appears to have dropped through a hole of his own digging.

IN a mild, perfunctory way, Editor Storey, of Chicago, still clings to Mahone as a patent smasher of the solid south. If the solid south wears upon Editor Storey's powerful mind, he should whirl in and smash it himself.

NOTHING short of an empire will satisfy Gorham. It is to be observed here that only under an empire will it be possible for Gorham to become secretary of the senate.

DORSEY has just acquired the unwelcome information that the post-office department is more difficult to manipulate than Indiana.

AND did "my dear Hubbell" write and tell his faithful James A. Garfield how the departments were doing? During a campaign, there is nothing more important than the health of the departments.

NEWSPAPER NOTES.

ROME has fixed up a rattling schedule for the Georgia editors.

MR. JAMES A. CLEMENTS is now editor of the Rome Courier

THE members of the press association will breakfast at the Kimball house before storming the seven hills of Rome.

IF Grubb, of the Darien Gazette, attends the press convention, he will be compelled to face all the editors whose lives he has taken.

WRENN has joined hands with the Rome railroad to give the editors a quick and comfortable trip from Atlanta.

MISS FANNIE MAY WITT, who writes for the Detroit Free Press, also contributes to the Sunny South.

BRIDGES SMITH, of Macon, is ripening into a musician. His comic opera will be performed in Atlanta before long.

IT is understood that the Count Johannes B. G., of the United States of Georgia and Florida, will address the press association in the interest of his orange grove on the willowy banks of the St. John's.

MR. GRUBB, of the Darien Gazette, put in an appearance yesterday. He reached Atlanta in time to recuperate for the festivities that have been arranged in Rome. He is looking well and doing well, and is altogether in a condition to get a good deal of enjoyment out of the convention.

IN GENERAL.

—It costs $80,000 a year to print the postage stamps of the United States.

—It is whispered that in Mexico General Ord is "a bigger man than old Grant."

—Senator Conkling has had pretty bad luck trying to syngignocise Ohio presidents.

—It has been suggested that some time in the future Carl Schurz will be mayor of New York.

—Queen Victoria is the richest woman in Europe and the best paid monarch. She is also the stingiest.

—A map of the president's backbone should be hung up in the senate chamber for future reference.

—After 1872, the Credit Mobilier; after 1876, the cipher dispatches; after 1880, the star route frauds.—Springfield Republican.

—"It looks as if I might take the star route myself. At any rate, I am going sky-high just now."—Roscoe Conkling.

—If we could see others as we see ourselves there would be more good looking people in the world.—Buffalo Express.

—The rumor that Kate Chase Sprague's husband has tendered the loan of his famous gun to President Garfield, is denied.

—Put away his bamboo fishpole,
Do not catch the worms you see,
For our late vice president—Wheeler,
Is elected school trustee.

—The most costly piece of real estate in New York is the Trinity buildings, next to Trinity church, assessed at $1,700,000, and next is the Fifth Avenue hotel.

—M[illegible]rd Carroll, the newspaper correspondent, [illegible]ortiy will be married to Miss Catoline Starin, daughter of Mr. John H. Starin, of New York.

—The New York World says it may be doubted whether there is a parallel in history to the sudden eclipse which has come upon the fame of Thomas Carlyle.

—The Sacramento (Cal.) Union says that the run of salmon is now very heavy in the Sacramento river at that point, and that from 1,200 to 1,500 are caught every day.

—The new car, it seems, stays strictly within doors and plays with the children. So long as he doesn't play the flute or accordeonovitchki his wife, we believe, is in no danger.—Nyctun Advertiser.

—A girl committed suicide at Delphi, Ind., because her parents would not let her bang her hair. Napoleon banged his hair; then why shouldn't the girls follow so good a general's tactics.

—Abraham Lincoln was of Virginia extraction and Kentucky birth. The south gave to the north, in the late unpleasantness, three of its greatest men—Lincoln, Thomas and Farragut.

—Lord Wilton has ordered his wornout horse Hippias, who has won him so many races during the seven years he was on the turf, to be shot and honorably buried in the park of Egerton Lodge.

—The Benares rajah, we are told, wears a sapphire so large that it nearly covers the back of his hand. If Mr. Rajah were to come to this country with his ring he would be mistaken for the advance agent of a female minstrel troup.

—The Philadelphia Times says that the largest haul made at the Gloucester shad fisheries in twenty years was made at the flood catch on Monday, when 3,000 shad were landed on the first catch, 1,500 on the second, and 1,100 on the third—5,600 in all.

—The czar's new home, the Chateau of Gatschina, is a paradise for a hunter. A part of the wood belonging to it is consecrated to bear hunting, and is actually hedged around, the bear being as much protected as if he were a fox or a pheasant in England.

—The London Times this morning announces that Mr. Goschen will leave Constantinople as soon as the convention for the settlement of the Greek frontier is signed, and that Lord Dufferin will succeed Mr. Goschen and Sir Edward Thornton will succeed Lord Dufferin at St. Petersburg.

—The success of Mary Anderson, who became a popular star immediately on adopting the stage, has incited two other Louisville young women to attempt the same feat. They are Miss Fetter and Miss Dickson, and each is now on a trial western tour. It is said that half the girls in Louisville are stage struck.

—The walls of the lately burned Palace hotel in Buffalo have been thrown down this week by blasting with giant powder. The charges were fired by electricity, and the bricks and stones of the 160-foot tower all fell within a radius of 70 feet, and not a window was broken in the neighboring houses.

—"William!" she exclaimed, pushing him away from her, "you've been eating radishes." "Clara," he responded, reproachfully, "you forget that I live in a boarding house, and that radishes at this season of the year cost ten cents a bunch." "Forgive me, Willie," she said, penitently, and immediately rising, turned the light several degrees lower.—Brooklyn Eagle.

—"Lotta" has rented a cottage at Lake George for the summer, where she hopes to enjoy that repose and comfort so proverbial to the shores of the Horicon waters. The property she has taken belongs to Mrs. Dr. Brown, formerly Mrs. Robert Dale Owen, and is situated within a stone's throw of the summer house of Matthew Wilson, the artist.

—Garth To day: The son of Dr. Sayre, the celebrated surgeon, formerly of Kentucky, has been sued for $25,000, for alleged maltreatment, by a Miss Morgan. She claims that he overdosed her with poison and broke down her constitution. Young Sayre wanted a commission of four doctors selected to examine the lady and ascertain the causes of her sickness. This was denied by the judge.

The Republican Party War.

St. Louis Globe-Democrat, rep.

The stalwarts will not desert a brother stalwart under fire. The 306 whom Conkling led at Chicago are ready to follow him now.

Philadelphia Enquirer, rep.

Evidently Mr. Garfield has made up his mind to be president. The blow he dealt Senator Conkling yesterday was a full declaration of war with that domineering statesman and it is not hard to guess which will win the victory.

Indianapolis Journal, rep.

A Washington correspondent reports the president as saying: "I am now prepared to find out who are my friends, and such as find me will hereafter require a letter of introduction." There is something like the tone of old hickory in this.

St. Louis Republican, dem.

We imagine that Garfield would hardly have found his backbone so soon if Blaine had not been accommodatingly near with a large stock of that necessary article to borrow from. The secretary of state has got a stiffer backbone and more of it than any other man in American public life.

Cincinnati Gazette, rep.

The time has come when the republican party should declare its independence of Conkling and Blaine, and insist that their quarrels should not be its quarrels. Big men as they may be, neither is near so big as the party, and if both should disappear, the party would live and be in better health in consequence. It would be well if the president would take the broad view of the matter, and govern himself accordingly.

Washington Post, dem.

The Conklingites are very mad over the president's withdrawal message, and swear that it is extremely undignified in the chief executive officer of this great nation to stoop to the employment of the petty tricks of a ward caucus or a county convention.

Daniel O'Connell relates that he once heard a Billingsgate fish-woman cursing an eel with horrible oaths, because as she explained, "it wouldn't lie still while she was skinning it."

New York Star, dem.

Washington dispatches bring the intelligence that the members of the cabinet heartily congratulated Garfield yesterday over the withdrawal of the New York nominations.

In other words, they rejoiced over the downfall of Conkling.

The fallen Utican, but a few months ago, was a great political power. At his fect the republican party supplicated his aid to elect its candidate for president. He gave it reluctantly. But his inordinate vanity, which the applause of party had trampled, debarred him from according even a semblance of hearty support to Garfield after the election.

Wrapped in his own solitude, he strove to emulate the wrath of an offended power, an insulted Warwick, an angry political Jove.

But shrewd men of the world like Blaine and Garfield and Halstead penetrated this mantle of pretentiousness and exposed the humbug. They showed him to be merely an airy political cox comb, full of notions; neither a statesman nor a leader.

Now, even the cabinet smiles, as Conkling rolls in the ditch, still stinging from the blow.

Victory for the "Coburgers."

New York Herald.

Some time ago we announced, on the authority of our Washington correspondent, that Mr. Lincoln, secretary of war, had resolved to take up the question of the Coburgers. The Coburgers are a class of officers in the army and navy who, by reason of political and social influences, are retained in easy, cosey places, and not sent out to the plains to be shot at by nasty Indians or into the West Indian waters to run the risk of yellow fever.

It seems that Secretary Lincoln discovered a Coburger in the war office named Lieutenant Bradley, an officer of the army, who had not been with his regiment for seventeen years. According to the Hartford Times Lieutenant Bradley, while rusty as to the duties of his command, is an "accomplished leader of the german" and a "heavenly waltzer." Anybody familiar with Washington society knows that a "leader of the german" is more useful than a secretary of state or an admiral. Mr. Lincoln tried to order Bradley back to his regiment, but "the next two days before Bradley brought social influences to have the order rescinded."

We should advise the secretary to let the matter drop. There is no use of his fighting the sisters, the cousins, the aunts and the politicians in Washington, for they will get him no peace. There have been Coburgers from the beginning and there will be to the end.

Would it not be well, however, for the secretary to publish a list of those gentlemen so that the country could know their names? If we must have Coburgers let us know them.

Exhibiting American Teas.

New York Tribune.

Commissioner Le Duc exhibited yesterday several samples of teas of American growth at the office of A A Low & Brother, No 31 Burlingslip. Among those present were Charles Beebe, of Beebe Brothers; L Huessel, of F C Jenkins & Co; H B Watson, R G Cary, of T T Barr & Co, and Seth Low, of A A Low & Co. The commissioner stated that the teas were from Meilnoh, Ga., and were grown under the supervision of H. Jackson, who had had sixteen years experience as a tea grower in India. The yield last year at the Georgia plantation was about sixty pounds, and this year it will reach nearly 1,000 pounds. The plant was taken from Assam, India. The experts, after testing the different samples, were united in the opinion that the teas were very good, when compared with India tea, which, however, was a kind very little in use in this country. One of the tea merchants present said that out of a total importation of 80,000,000 chests only 2,500 chests of India tea would be imported. India tea was used in great quantities in England to mix with other teas. It was also said that the American tea lacked the strength of that grown in India. In order to test the quality of American tea it was necessary to prepare it as Japan teas are made. Commissioner Le Duc said that his next batch would be so prepared. He estimated the cost of the tea that he had on exhibition at from 16 to 20 cents a pound.

New York.

"Gath" in Cincinnati Enquirer.

You will always observe that when the Conkling men arise, either in the newspapers or in congress, they always call New York the great empire state, the great state of New York, etc. The people who live here never use such language—being above that kind of village provincialism. They call New York by its name and think it has altogether more consideration of a selfish kind at Washington than is pleasing in its modesty.

Next fall New York is to choose the six great executive officers surrounding the governor, the state senate and the assembly, together with county officers. If the canvass can unite and make first-class nominations they will carry the state by such a majority as will show other republicans throughout the United States what an inflation on them, and on New York Mr. Conkling has been.

The Railroad Commission.

Valdosta Times.

We have always maintained that the commission was a wise creation of legislative genius and we have yet no reason to change our views.

Thomasville Times.

We have always kept prominent, the following leading ideas when discussing this subject:

1. "The continuance of the commission—for the purpose of preventing unjust and unfair discriminations.

2. That said commission should—in the discharge of this duty—give to each road a schedule of rates which would insure to their owners a fair interest on their investment.

3. If the law is defective—not just to either roads or pe[illegible]—that it is the duty of the legislature, (as we have no doubt it would be the pleasure of that body) to remedy the defect. This has been—and is—our position.

Poor Mahone.

Chicago Tribune.

Mahone has ceased to hold this great republic up by the tail. It was not an edifying spectacle.

Utica Herald, rep.

The deadlock is broken, temporarily, at least, and the conviction grows that the cause of Gorham and Riddleberger is broken with it. There will be two mourners in that event.

Philadelphia Times, ind.

The repudiation senator from Virginia has been made so small by recent events at Washington that probably it won't occur to any one that it is worth while to dig him out from under the wreck.

The True Platform.

Rome Tribune.

For a year or two the people of the south need less politics and more efforts in the direction of immigration and the development of our vast and varied resources. Our agricultural, mineral and mechanical interests need fostering and encouraging, and good men made to feel that in the south they can enjoy all the blessings vouchsafed by Providence, together with a genial climate and all the blessings our country affords. Peace is what we want at present, coupled with an industry which will cause our waste places to blossom.

The Treaty of Mentor.

Chicago Tribune, rep.

Conkling drove Garfield into a corner and found to his amusement that the animal would fight. That is all there was to the situation.

Chicago Times.

The senate is considering treaties. Will it take up the alleged treaty of Mentor and campaign facts generally?

"Uncle Remus" in Elberton.

Elberton News.

Uncle Remus's new book of song and sayings reached Elberton Monday and met with rapid sale. John Carr bought the first copy he saw and before night had broken four pairs of suspenders and stamped the heel off one shoe laughing over the African lore.

The Constitution's Enterprise.

Sparta Ishmaelite.

THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION is not perfect, as a matter of course. No paper is. But its enterprise and public spirit is unsurpassable. That is our judgment.

Can't be Left Out.

Included in the catalogue of the most wonderful articles of the period is St. Jacobs Oil. The Hon. Leonard Swett of Chicago, pronounces it the most through conqueror of pain he has ever known.

—George P. Poncroy, of New Jersey, who was confirmed for secretary of legation to France, is the husband of Helen Cowles, daughter of the veteran editor of the Cleveland Leader. His father was a very wealthy gentleman of New Jersey. Miss Cowles became a convert to the Catholic church some years ago.

Forty Years' Experience of an Old Nurse.

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP is the prescription of one of the best female physicians and nurses in the United States, and has been used for forty years with never-failing success by millions of mothers for their children. It relieves the child from pain, cures dysentery and diarrhœa, griping in the bowels and wind colic. By giving health to the child it rests the mother. Price 25 cents a bottle.

mar26—d1y sat sun wed & wkyly

—The new royal academicians are Walter William Ouless and Briton Riviere, painters, and Thomas Oldham Barlow, engraver. Ouless is an able and popular portrait painter. Riviere is well known by his picture of Circe and the companions of Ulysses, Daniel and the Lions and other works in which great skill in the painting of animals is joined with a fine pictorial sense. Barlow has engraved a great many popular plates after Landseer, Frith and other modern painters, in a mixed line and mezzotint style.

It is a Foolish Mistake to confound a remedy of merit with the quack medicines now so common. We have used Parker's Ginger tonic with the happiest results for Rheumatism and Dyspepsia, and when worn out by overwork, and know it to be a sterling health restorative.—Times. See advertisement.

may10—d1m tues thur sat &wkyly 2dp

—All the royalty, aristocracy, plutocracy and snobocracy of Europe are in a twitter of excitement just now over the marriage of the Archduke Rudolph, the heir-apparent to the throne of Austria, and the Princess Stephanie, the second daughter of the king of Belgium, which will take place at Vienna to-day. He is but 23 years of age and she only 17. Vienna is in a glow of excitement, and the public and private celebrations of the event will be imposing and brilliant.

A Cough, Cold or Sore Throat should be stopped at once. Neglect frequently results in an **Incurable Lung Disease or Consumption. BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES** do not disorder the stomach like cough syrups and balsam, but **act directly on the inflamed parts,** allaying irritation give relief in **Asthma, Bronchitis, Coughs, Catarrh** and the **Throat Troubles** which **Singers and Public Speakers** are subject to. Sold at 25 cts. a box everywhere.

699 jan30—d&wkm bot col fol pure rd mat

—Several weeks ago, says a Washington correspondent, a remarkably beautiful model was going before the "life class" of the Corcoran gallery of art. She, as all the models are, was provided with a mask to hide her identity. She was posing as Psyche, when suddenly she fell forward in a faint. Her mask flew off and the student recognized the features as those of the widow of an ex-general in the union army. She is possessed of a large fortune, but her vanity about her splendid figure induced her to appear as a model.

Trickling past the delightful palate, Hub Punch with hot or cold water or milk is very agreeable, and diffuses an ecstatic glow through the system. Punches brewed at request are far behind it in flavor. Sold by grocers, wine merchants and druggists

—But the Duke D'Aumale is a crafty fellow, who hopes to secure the crown one of these bright days. He managed to ingratiate himself with Thiers during his presidency, and was made president of the Bazaine court-martial. He was restored to his rank in the French army, and is now lieutenant general and inspector general of the forces. He was sure of being MacMahon's successor, either as king or dictator, and has taken his disappointment with a good deal of manifest chagrin. He was elected member of the academy of France in 1871, and only figured as a speaker week before last at the reception of Rousse, who succeeds the great republican orator, the late Jules Favre. It fell to the lot of the Duke d'Aumale to make the speech of welcome, and with his usual neatness he succeeded in avoiding any of the burning questions which it would be dangerous for a princely person to meddle with in the present democratic effervescence of the French electors.

A Fine Hair Dressing.

Cocoaine dresses the hair perfectly, and is also a preparation unequalled for the eradication of dandruff.

THE superiority of **Burnett's Flavoring Extracts** consists in their purity and strength.

—Captain Paul Boyton returned to New York city on Tuesday on the steamer Crescent City. He said he had been engaged under Don Nicholas de Pierola in the Peruvian torpedo service, and had been captured by the Chilians. He escaped by the aid of some friends, and swam out to an English steamer, on board of which he was taken. He came to New York under a false passport. He thought there was a possibility of his return to Peru, as Pierola had not yet given up the fight. The Peruvian leader was in the mountains, and was prepared to keep up the fight in the Cuban fashion for twenty years if necessary. Capt. Boyton thought that it was impossible for Pierola to accept the Chilian terms of peace and they amounted to a complete extinction of the government in prohibiting the existence of any fleet or army for fifty years.

Mineral Waters.

CONGRESS WATER.—The purest and safest of all cathartic waters. Avoid all coarse, irritating waters, foreign and domestic. They impair the digestive organs and kidneys. No genuine sold unless in our bottles. Sold by druggists. In quarts, at $1.10 to $2.00 per dozen. Goods delivered free of charge.

466 apr17—1m

CLOTHING AND GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS.

IN ADDITION TO OUR NICE STOCK OF

SPRING CASS. SUITS,

ENGLISH and FRENCH WORSTED SUITS,

WE RECEIVED TO-DAY A BEAUTIFUL LINE OF

Alpaca Coats,

IN FROCKS AND SACKS, UP TO 46 BREAST.

WE HAVE, ALSO, AGAIN

"LUBIN'S" FRENCH "DRAP D'ETE,"

In Suits up to 46.

Broken Suits, especially Coats and Vests, at nominal figures at

A. & S. ROSENFELD,

247 may8—d1m 2dp 24 Whitehall, corner Alabama.

CLOTHING AND GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS.

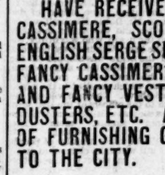
ANDREWS, HITCH & CO.

HAVE RECEIVED A LARGE LINE OF PLAIN AND FANCY CASSIMERE, SCOTCH CHEVOIT, BLUE FLANNEL AND ENGLISH SERGE SUITS FOR BUSINESS WEAR. PLAIN AND FANCY CASSIMERE PANTS. A LARGE LINE OF WHITE AND FANCY VESTS, FANCY AND BLACK ALPACA COATS, DUSTERS, ETC. ALL AT BOTTOM PRICES. OUR STOCK OF FURNISHING GOODS IS THE BEST EVER BROUGHT TO THE CITY.

ANDREWS, HITCH & CO.,

16 Whitehall Street.

mar23 d3m—2dp



THE CELEBRATED McCORMICK

MOWERS AND REAPERS,

Self-Binders, Self-Rakes and Droppers, Horse Hay Rakes, Hand Hay Rakes, Grain Cradles, Grass Scythes, Lawn Mowers, Threshers, Separators, Traction and Portable Farm Engines, Ridging and Walking Cultivators.

We have beyond doubt the best

Traction Engine

by far ever offered on this market. We are now ready to supply SAW MILLS and all of the above Machinery on most favorable terms.

SEND FOR CIRCULARS

MARK W. JOHNSON & CO.,

apr28 d&w2m—2dp MARIETTA STREET, ATLANTA, GA.

A SURE CURE for all the diseases for which it is recommended, and always *perfectly safe* in the hands of even the most inexperienced persons.

PERRY DAVIS' PAIN KILLER

Is recommended by Physicians, Ministers, Missionaries, Managers of Factories, Work-Shops, and Plantations, Nurses in Hospitals and Families generally throughout the world who has ever given it a trial.

IT HAS STOOD THE TEST OF FORTY YEARS' TRIAL.

PAIN KILLER should have a place in every factory, machine-shop, and mill, on every farm and plantation, and in every household, ready for immediate use not only for accidents, cuts, bruises, sores, etc., but in case of sudden sickness of any kind.

PAIN KILLER is the well-tried and trusted friend of all who want a sure and safe medicine which can be freely used internally or externally without fear of harm and with certainty of relief.

Its price brings it within the reach of all, and it will annually save many times its cost in doctors' bills. For sale by all druggists at 25c. 50c. and $1.00 per bottle.

PERRY DAVIS & SON, Proprietors, Providence, R. I.

000 may27—d1y thur sat tues &wkyl eow nx read mat

HYMENEAL.

ST. AMAND—HOLLENBECK—Married, at the residence of the bride, 69 Luckie street, this city, by Rev. J. H. Martin, Mr. J. G. St. Amand to Mrs. Henrietta J. Hollenbeck.

DeGive's Opera House.

Friday, May 13th, 1881.

GRAND ENGLISH

BALLAD CONCERT

Mr. HUGH ANGIER,

Assisted by Miss Helen Kendrick and Mrs. Ida Wade, Sopranos; Miss Hahr, Pianist; Soloist; Miss Ketchum, Accompanist; Messrs. Holmes and Faust, Tenors, and Mr. Jos. Spiro, Basso, will, on Friday evening, give an elegant English Ballad Concert for the benefit of the Young Men's Library.

Admission 50 cents: Reserved Seats 75 cents Sale of reserved seats at Phillips & Crew on Wednesday morning.

may13—d1t

AMUSEMENTS.

The Grand Picnic

OF THE SEASON!

WILL BE GIVEN BY THE CATHOLIC Sunday School, at

VININGS STATION, ON WEDNESDAY, MAY 18, 1881.

Let everybody prepare for this gala day. No pains or expense will be spared for the amusement of all who attend. All kinds of games, etc., for the young and old.

The best opportunity for enjoyment to be had this season.

Don't forget the day.

may1—dtf

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—ORDINARY'S Office, May 7, 1881.—James Edwards has applied for letters of administration on the estate of Leopold Woyno, deceased. This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned to file their objections, if any they have, within the time prescribed by law, else letters will be granted said applicant as applied for.

263 may8—law4w W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.

Floreston Cologne The Most Fragrant and Lasting of All Perfumes. New, Delightful & Fashionable. Sold by dealers in Drugs and Perfumery. Hiscox & Co., N.Y.

All Farmers, Mothers, Business Men, Mechanics, &c., who are tired out by work or worry, and all who are miserable with Dyspepsia, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, or Bowel, Kidney or Liver Complaints, you can be invigorated and cured by using

PARKER'S GINGER TONIC

If you are wasting away with Consumption, Age, Dissipation or any weakness, you will find Parker's Ginger Tonic the greatest Blood Fertilizer and the Best Health & Strength Restorer you Can Use, and far superior to Bitters and other Tonics, as it builds up the system, but never intoxicates. 50 ct., and $1 sizes. Hiscox & Co., Chemists, N. Y.

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM Restores Dandruff Prevents Baldness Restores Color.

nov16—d1y tues thur sat & wkyly

FULTON COUNTY SHERIFF'S SALES FOR State and County Tax for the year 1873.—Will be sold before the Court house door, in the city of Atlanta, Fulton county, Georgia, on the first Tuesday in June, 1881, within the legal hours of sale, the following property, to-wit:

A certain tract or parcel of land, situated, lying in and being the northeast quarter of land lot No 105, 14th district of Fulton county, Georgia, containing fifty acres, more or less, as the property of Daniel D. Sneider.

Also, at the same time and place, a certain tract or parcel of land, situated, lying in and being part of land lot No. 13, 14th district of Fulton county, Georgia, containing 5½ acres, more or less, fronting on the Georgia Railroad, near the corporate limits of the city of Atlanta, and known as the residence lot of John H. Wyly; levied on as the property of the said John H. Wyly.

Also, at the same time and place, a certain tract or parcel of land, situated, lying in and being part of land lot No. 17, 14th district of Fulton county, Georgia, containing 5¼ acres, more or less, and adjoining land of Todd and others, being lot No. 2 of the survey of the Henry property; levied on as the property of Howard Pylant.

may10—d4w tues A. M PERKERSON, Sheriff

ATLANTA FLORAL BAZAR.

EDW. WACHENDORFF, Prop'r,

West Simpson St.,

OFFERS, BESIDES THE LEADING BEDDING Plants, also a fine stock of Pampas Grasses, Ribiscus—double and single—Lemon Verbenas, Plubagos, Dusty Millers, and many other Plants too numerous to mention. Call and examine my stock. Ever-blooming Roses, in pots, at $1.10 to $2.00 per dozen. Goods delivered free of charge.

466 apr17—1m

Apollinaris

"THE QUEEN OF TABLE WATERS."

British Medical Journal.

"Pure, Wholesome, Pleasant, and Effervescent."

Prof. T. L. Brunton, M.D., F.R.S., Lond., Eng.

ANNUAL SALE, 9 MILLIONS.

Of Grocers, Druggists, & Min. Wat. Dealers.

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS.

apr7—d2m thur sat tues No 5 2dp nx rd mat

TO RAILROAD CONTRACTORS.

THE MACON AND BRUNSWICK RAILROAD Company will receive "Sealed Proposals" for forty [40] days for the graduation and masonry of the first twenty [20] miles of the "Atlanta Extension." Specifications and profiles can be seen at the Engineer's office in Macon, Georgia. In order to expedite other "letting," Bidders should pass over the entire line of preliminary survey to Atlanta. Financial references should accompany all bids.

May 5th, 1881. JAS. C. LONG, Resident Engineer.

may—dlm

$25 Reward

FOR AN ESCAPED CONVICT, TOM HARDAWAY, alias [illegible] black; twenty-one or twenty-two years old; weighs about 140 pounds; 5 feet 11¾ ins. high; scar on forehead; over right eye near the edge of his hair in shape of a half circle; large scar also on big toe.

Address HENRY J. HILL,

may7—d1t Washington, Ga.

LOTTERIES.

L. S. L.

This is the only Lottery ever voted on and indorsed by the people of any state.

Unprecedented Attraction!

Over Half a Million Distributed.

Louisiana State Lottery Co.

Incorporated in 1868, for 25 years by the Legislature for Educational and Charitable purposes—with a capital of $1,000,000—to which a reserve fund of over $420,000 has since been added.

By an overwhelming popular vote its franchise was made a part of the present State Constitution adopted December 2d, A. D., 1879.

Its Grand Single Number Drawings will take place monthly. It never scales or postpones. Look at the following distribution:

GRAND PROMENADE CONCERT,

during which will take place the

133d Grand Monthly

AND THE

Extraordinary Semi-Annual Drawing

At New Orleans, TUESDAY, JUNE 14TH, 1881, under the personal supervision and management of GEN G. T. BEAUREGARD, of Louisiana, and GEN. JUBAL A. EARLY, of Virginia.

Capital Prize, $100,000

NOTICE—Tickets are Ten Dollars only. Halves, $5. Fifths, $2. Tenths, $1.

LIST OF PRIZES.

1 Capital Prize of	$100,000	$100,000
1 Gr

PATENT M... ...ES.

MEDICATED STEAM

Vermin Destroyer

AND

DISINFECTANT,

A NEW AND WONDERFUL INVENTION.

AN EFFECTIVE, CERTAIN AND SIMPLE MEANS OF

Destroying Bed Bugs, Cockroaches, Ants, Moths and Parasites of all kinds.

The apparatus for generating the steam is an ordinary nursery lamp, holding half a pint of the Medicated Fluid with a tube at the top to direct the Medicated Steam upon any point infested with insects. It is heated with a small spirit lamp beneath the boiler. For Dwellings, Hotels, Steamships, Restaurants, etc., nothing ever discovered equals this appliance. It is harmless to human life; is inexpensive and simple in its use. While a most potent means for destroying vermin, it is the best disinfectant known and may be most effectually used to prevent the spread of contagious diseases, such as Yellow Fever, Scarlet Fever, Typhoid Fever, Diptheria, Small Pox, &c. One trial is the best proof of the great advantages of this over all other appliances. For sale by Druggists and General Dealers.

J. C. SPENCER, Proprietor,
532 Washington St., N. Y.

april3—dood fm sat tues thur nx rd mat

KIDNEY-WORT

DOES WONDERFUL CURES! WHY?

Because it acts on the LIVER, BOWELS and KIDNEYS at the same time.

Because it cleanses the system of the poisonous humors that develope in Kidney and Urinary Diseases, Biliousness, Jaundice, Constipation, Piles, or in Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Nervous Disorders and Female Complaints.

SEE WHAT PEOPLE SAY:

Eugene B. Wirth, of Junction City, Kansas, says, Kidney-Wort cured him after regular Physicians had been trying for four years.

Mrs. John Arnall, of Washington, Ohio, says her boy was given up to die by four prominent physicians and said that he was afterwards cured by Kidney-Wort.

M. M. B. Goodwin, an editor in Chardon, Ohio, says he was not expected to live, being bloated beyond belief, but Kidney-Wort cured him.

Anna L. Jarrett of South Salem, N. Y., says that seven years suffering from kidney troubles and other complications was ended by the use of Kidney-Wort.

John B. Lawrence of Jackson, Tenn., suffered for years from liver and kidney troubles and after taking "barrels of other medicine," Kidney-Wort made him well.

Michael Coto of Montgomery Center, Vt., suffered eight years with kidney difficulty and was unable to work. Kidney-Wort made him "well as ever."

KIDNEY-WORT

PERMANENTLY CURES KIDNEY DISEASES, LIVER COMPLAINTS, Constipation and Piles.

IT is put up in Dry Vegetable Form in tin cans, one package of which makes six quarts of medicine. Also in Liquid Form, very Concentrated, for those that cannot readily prepare it.

IT Acts with equal efficiency in either form. GET IT AT THE DRUGGISTS. PRICE, $1.00

WELLS, RICHARDSON & Co., Prop's,
(Will send the dry post-paid.) BURLINGTON, VT.

pr2—d &wkyly nx rd mat noSAL

AN OPEN SECRET

AMONG THE LADIES

The brilliant, fascinating tints of Complexion for which ladies strive are chiefly artificial, and all who will take the trouble may secure them. These roseate, bewitching hues follow the use of Hagan's Magnolia Balm—a delicate, harmless and always reliable article. Sold by all druggists.

The Magnolia Balm conceals every blemish, removes Sallowness, Tan, Redness, Eruptions, all evidences of excitement and every imperfection.

Its effects are immediate and so natural that no human being can detect its application.

tues thur sat sun nol nxrd m'

PRESCRIBED BY PHYSICIANS.

LAXATIVE

Prepared from tropical fruits and plants.

A Delicious and Refreshing Fruit Lozenge, Which Serves the Purpose of Pills and Disagreeable Purgative Medicines.

TROPIC-FRUIT LAXATIVE is the best preparation in the world for Constipation, Biliousness, Headache, Piles, and all kindred Complaints. It acts gently, effectively, and is delicious to take. Cleansing the system thoroughly, it imparts vigor to mind and body, and dispels Melancholy, Hypochondria, &c. *One trial convinces.* Packed in bronzed tin boxes only.

PRICE 25 and 60 CTS. SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

febl0 dly—thur sat tues nx rd mat w& by

Buy the Genuine DR. RICORD'S RESTORATIVE PILLS.

This celebrated French remedy is a specific for Exhausted Vitality, Spermatorrhœa, Loss of Memory and Nervous Debility. Approved by the Academy of Medicine in Paris, by Sir H. Thompson, Dr. Blanchard, Dr. Chavalier, Dr. Perigord, the great Liebig and others.

Boxes of 50 $1.50; Boxes of 100, $2.75; of 200, $5.00; of 400, $8.00.

Sent per mail on receipt of Price. Each box of the genuine has the signature of R. L. DE LISSER, 22 Beekman Street, New York. Sole Agent for the United States and Canadas.

LAMAR, RANKIN & LAMAR,
Agents for Georgia.

CAUTION.

A spurious article advertised under the name of RICORD'S VITAL RESTORATIVE, by S. B. Sigesmond, are made here, not from Dr. Ricord's Formula or by his authority. The noticed by celebrated Physicians he uses in his circulars and advertisements are copied from notices of the genuine.

The following is from Dr. Ricord of Paris.

"DEAR SIR:—I never knew the Dr. S. B. Sicesmond, and therefore I could not give him permission to sell any pills in my name of course; the pills he sells is not at all composed by me, and as you have thought, you may ascertain that the man is an IMPOSTOR.

"Believe me yours truly,
"RICORD.

"6 Rue du Tournon, Paris, le 8 Janvier."

Send for Circular, with above in fac-simile.

apr2—d3m sat tues thur nx rd mat

THE WONDER OF THE WORLD

GOOD NEWS FOR ALL.—PROF. HERMAN'S world-renowned Vermin Destroyer, which is known to be far Superior to anything yet discovered for killing Rats, Mice, Insects on Poultry, Ants, Bugs, Cockroaches, Black Beetles, Fleas on Dogs, Blight and Insects on plants, Moths in Furs, Ticks or Scabs on Sheep or Goats, also on Cattle, etc., etc.

This preparation has been applied with great success against the Insects that Attack Plants.

Sold in Packets, at 25 cents per Packet or 5 Packets for $1.00.

The Powder is warranted free from all bad smell, and will keep in any climate. It may be given, everywhere without risk, as it is quite harmless in Cake or Dough, as they will not eat it.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE ON EACH PACKET.

Manufactured and Patented in Paris, Exposition, City of London, England.

The above discovery has gained for Prof. Herman a Silver Prize Medal at the Inter-Colonial Exhibition of Victoria, Australia, of 1880, besides numerous testimonials.

Sole Agents for Georgia,

FELIX L. PULLUM & CO.,
Atlanta, Ga.

nov2 dly

ROMANTIC LOVE STORY.

A Young Man's Betrothed Becomes Blind—He Marries Her and is Compelled to Resort to Law to Obtain Possession of Her.

The particulars of a very romantic love story were developed before Judge Dixon, at Paterson, New Jersey, on Wednesday. From the uncontradicted testimony in the case, says the New York Herald of yesterday, the following facts are gathered: Mr. John P. Clifford is a young man who resides at Yonkers, New York. He is a very respectable young man, and of good habits, and so when he asked to be received as suitor to the hand of Miss Ellen McKilvey, of Paterson, her parents did not offer any objection. The courtship proceeded very smoothly until Miss McKilvey was suddenly taken sick. The lover spent anxious days and nights, but finally the young lady recovered her health, but with it came a terrible affliction—the loss of sight. Before this the two had promised to marry each other; now the lady offered to release him from his vow, but he would not consent to it, declaring that he had promised to marry her and that he considered a promise as good as if the ceremony had been performed, and that her misfortune had only increased his affection for her. But her misfortune seemed also to have increased the affection entertained for her by her parents, and they absolutely refused to give their consent to the marriage, though they did not have any objection previous to the sickness of the young lady. Now that she was stricken with blindness they declared that they were the only persons who ought to take care of her. They told Mr. Clifford that under the circumstances they could never think of parting with their daughter, and requested him to give up his idea of marrying her. He used all the arguments at his command, but the parents were inflexible, and would not be persuaded. The two lovers, however, were so attached to each other that it seemed too cruel to separate them altogether, and so Mr. Clifford was allowed to continue his visits. Miss McKilvey was over 21 years of age, and consequently her own mistress, and Mr. Clifford soon persuaded her that the demands of her parents were unreasonable. He finally persuaded her to marry him, and the ceremony was performed at St. Boniface's Catholic church, in Paterson, on last Monday, by Rev. Father Hess. When the parents of the bride were informed of what had taken place they refused to give credit to it, and accordingly would not allow their daughter to accompany her husband to his home in Yonkers. Mr. Clifford concluded to have the matter settled at once and accordingly consulted Mr. D. B. English, a lawyer, of Paterson. The result was that a writ of habeas corpus was granted by Judge Dixon on Tuesday and made returnable Wednesday. The parents appeared in court with the daughter and alleged that she was blind and that they had taken care of her all her life and did not know why they should not continue caring as they desired to, though they did not want to deprive her of her liberty in any way. Mr. Clifford then produced the marriage certificate and the parents of the bride saw that what he had told them was no mere fiction, but the truth. The court gave the custody of the blind bride to her husband, and he led her away—the happiest man in the court-room. Mr. Clifford is not wealthy, but he has a pleasant home, and everything is in readiness there to receive the unfortunate for whom he made so great a sacrifice.

Because it adds to Personal Beauty by restoring color and lustre to gray or faded hair, and is beneficial to the scalp, is why Parker's Hair Balsam is such a popular dressing.

may10—d1m tues thur sat &wkly1m 3dp

—Should Peru, as proposed, be annexed to Chili, the result would be the most remarkably shaped nation on the face of the globe—something after the style of an early spring radish. Its extreme length would be 2 340 miles, and its average breadth for over two-thirds of this distance not more than 120 miles—little else than a strip of sea coast walled in upon the east by continuous mountain ranges.

Labor Saving.

The demand of the people for an easier method of preparing Kidney-Wort has induced the Proprietors, the well known wholesale druggists, Wells, Richardson & Co., of Burlington, Vermont, to prepare it for sale in liquid form as well as in dry form. It saves all the labor of preparation, and as it is equally efficient it is preferred by many persons. Kidney-Wort always and everywhere proves itself a perfect remedy.—Baltimo News.

THE IMPERISHABLE PERFUME,

Murray & Lanman's

FLORIDA WATER,

Best for TOILET, BATH, and SICK ROOM.

mar18 d3m—tues thur sat&wsm nrm

Y. M. L. A.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE YOUNG Men's Library Association will be held at the Library, TUESDAY, MAY 10th, 1881, AT EIGHT O'CLOCK P. M., at which time the Reports of the Officers for the past year will be made, and nominations made for Officers and Directors for the ensuing year.

The following proposed amendments to the Constitution will be acted upon, viz:

"Strike from first line of section 8, article 1, the first, third, fourth, fifth, sixth and seventh words and substitute the word person for member in the second line, so that the said section will read as follows:

"Section 8. Membership shall be requisite to make a person eligible to any office after the first election of officers which shall be held as hereafter prescribed."

"Add to section 5, article 1, after the last word of said section the words, "but no member shall, by paying double dues or initiation fees be entitled to cast additional votes at any election."

By order of the Board of Directors.

G. T. WATSON,
Secretary.

apr13—d tues fri sun until may10th

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Columbus, Ga.

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BALL SEWING THREAD

1878 1879

Production Doubled. Again Doubled.

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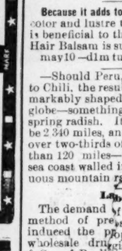

$500 Reward

Over a Million

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Prof. Guilmette's FRENCH Kidney Pads

Have already been sold in this country and in France, every one of which has given perfect satisfaction.

And has performed cures every time when used according to directions.

We now say to the afflicted and doubting ones that we will pay the above reward for a single case of

LAME BACK

That the Pad fails to cure. This Great Remedy will POSITIVELY and PERMANENTLY cure Lumbago, Lame Back, Sciatica, Gravel, Diabetes, Dropsy, Bright's Disease of the Kidneys, Incontinence and Retention of the Urine, Inflammation of the Kidneys, Catarrh of the Bladder, High Colored Urine, Pain in the Back, Sides or Loins, Nervous Weakness, and in fact all disorders of the Bladder and Urinary Organs whether contracted by private disease or otherwise.

LADIES, if you are suffering from Female Weakness, Leucorrhœa, or any disease of the Kidneys, Bladder, or Urinary Organs,

YOU CAN BE CURED!

Without swallowing nauseous medicines, by simply wearing

PROF. GUILMETTE'S

FRENCH KIDNEY PAD

WHICH CURES BY ABSORPTION.

Ask your Druggist for PROF. GUILMETTE'S FRENCH KIDNEY PAD, and take no other. If he has not got it, send $2.00 and you will receive the Pad by return mail.

Prof. Guilmette's French Liver Pad

Will positively cure Fever and Ague, Dumb Ague, Ague Cake, Bilious Fever, Jaundice, Dyspepsia, and all Diseases of the Liver, Stomach and Blood. Price $1.50 by mail. Send for Professor Guilmette's Treatise on the Kidneys and Liver, free by mail. Address

FRENCH PAD CO., Toledo, Ohio.

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THE GREAT GERMAN REMEDY FOR RHEUMATISM,

Neuralgia, Sciatica, Lumbago, Backache, Soreness of the Chest, Gout, Quinsy, Sore Throat, Swellings and Sprains, Burns and Scalds, General Bodily Pains,

Tooth, Ear and Headache, Frosted Feet and Ears, and all other Pains and Aches.

No Preparation on earth equals ST. JACOBS OIL as a safe, sure, simple and cheap External Remedy. A trial entails but the comparatively trifling outlay of 50 Cents, and every one suffering with pain can have cheap and positive proof of its claims.

Directions in Eleven Languages.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS IN MEDICINE.

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Baltimore, Md., U. S. A.

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Capital, $155,000.00.

Loans to Regular Customers on satisfactory paper, at 8 per cent.

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FINANCE AND COMMERCE

BONDS, STOCKS AND MONEY.

CONSTITUTION OFFICE,
Atlanta, May 9, 1881.

EXCHANGE—

Buying at	par	Selling at	¼ prem

BONDS—

Georgia 6s	109@111	Sav. City 5s, new 6s	88
Georgia 7s, 1886	109@111	Macon City	90@100
Georgia 7s, 1890	120@125	Columbus City	75@ 80
Ga. 7s gold	114@116	Ga., R. R. 6s	106@108
Georgia 8s	112@114	Central R. R. 7s	116@118
Western R.R. of Ala. 1st m'tge	114@116	W. & A. R.R. Lessees; 10 per ct. income bonds	115@120
Atlanta & W'st'n 7s	110@112	Ala. Class A 2 to 5	72@ 74
Atlanta City 7s	110@112	do. Class A small	73@ 75
Atlanta City 6s	115 117	do. Class B 5s	93@ 95
Atlanta 10s	114@116	do. Class C 4	83@ 85
Augusta City 7s	106@108		

We quote long dates; short dates are lower.

STOCKS—

Georgia R. R.	63	South Wes R. R.	122@125
Central R. R.	146@148	Atlanta St. R. R.	105@110
A. & W. P. R. R.	234@25		

By Telegraph.

NEW YORK, May 9.—11:00 a. m.—The stock market opened irregular but in the main strong and higher and prices advanced ⅛@¾ per cent. Metropolitan elevated leading in the upward movement; other elevated shares, Memphis and Charleston and Pacific Mail being also prominent therein. Some few shares were weak and recorded a fraction decline. Western Union under a heavy pressure to sell, fell off 3¼ per cent to 114 but quickly recovered to 116.

NEW YORK, May 9.—Noon—Stocks strong and active. Money 4@5. Exchange—long $4.84½; short $4.86¾. Governments dull. State Bonds moderately active.

Evening—Money 3@5. Exchange $4.84¾. Governments strong; new 6's 101½; four and a half per cents 115; four per cents 116¾. State Bonds nominal.

Stocks closed generally buoyant.

N. Y. Central	147¾	Chicago & N. W.	127
Erie	49¾	do. Preferred	139½
Lake Shore	129¾	Wab., St. L. & Pac.	26¾
Illinois Central	139	do. Preferred	53¾
N. C. & St. L.	90¾	Mem. & Char.	72¾
Pac. R. Sears	103¾	Rock Island	120¾
Pittsb'g & F. W. & C.	141	Western Union	117½

BONDS—

Ala. Class A to 5	71¾	Ala. Class B 5s	94
do. Class A small	72	do. Class C 4s	83

Sub treasury balances:

Coin	$ 68,920 03	Currency	$ 5 703,950

PARIS, May 9—2:00 p.m.—Rentes 86f 40c.

LONDON, May 9—2:00 p. m.—Erie 50¾.

THE COTTON MARKET

CONSTITUTION OFFICE,
Atlanta, May 9 1881.

New York—Futures opened steady and considerably under Saturday's closing quotations. From the opening the market ranged downward, but toward the close there was a slight upward tendency of some of the months. At the close the market was quiet and steady with quotations a fraction under opening figures. Spots eased off 1-16c: middling 10¾.

Net receipts for two days amount to 17,065 bales; same time last year 11,546 bales; exports 32,564 bales; last year 22,883 bales; stock 575,860 bales; last year 557,147 bales.

Below we give the opening and closing quotations of cotton futures in New York to-day:

	OPENED.		CLOSED.
May	10 32@10 33	May	10 27@10 28
June	10 40@10 41	June	10 34@
July	10 48@10 47	July	10 42@10 43
August	10 52@10 53	August	10 42@10 43
September	10 30@10 31	September	10 27@10 28
October	9 96@ 9 98	October	9 94@ 9 95
November	9 84@ 9 85	November	9 81@ 9 83
December	9 84@ 9 86	December	9 82@ 9 83

Closed quiet and steady; sales 84,000 bales.

Liverpool—Futures closed flat Spots—Uplands 5 13-16d; Orleans 5¾d; sales 8,000 bales, of which 6,600 bales were American; receipts 12,300; American 10,200.

The local cotton market is quiet and dull with prices barely sustained. We quote as follows: Good middling 10@10¼c; middling 9¾c; low middling 9¼c; strict good ordinary 8¼c; good ordinary 7½c; ordinary 6c; stains 5@8; no demand.

By Telegraph.

LIVERPOOL, May 9—noon — Cotton easier; middling uplands 5⅝; middling Orleans 5 15-16; sales 8,000; speculation and export 1,000; receipts 12,300; American 10,200; futures uplands low middling clause May delivery 5 2d-32; May and June delivery 5 25-32; June and July delivery 5 27-32; July and August delivery 5 15-16; August and September delivery 5 1-32@6; September and October delivery 5 29 32; October and November delivery 5 25-32; November and December delivery 5¾; futures opened flat.

LIVERPOOL, May 9—1:30 p. m.—Middling uplands 5 13-16; Orleans 5⅝; futures dull and unchanged.

LIVERPOOL, May 9—3:00 p. m.—Uplands low middling clause June and July delivery 5 13-16; July and August delivery 5 23-32.

LIVERPOOL, May 9.—4:30 p. m. — Sales of American 6,600 bales; uplands low middling clause September and October delivery 5¾.

LIVERPOOL, May 9.—5:00 p. m.—Uplands low middling clause May delivery 5¾; May and June delivery 5¾; August and September delivery 5 31-32; November and December delivery 5 23-32; futures closed flat.

The following table shows the price, movement, etc., of cotton in the principal markets for to-day, May 9:

MARKETS.	GRADE.	RECEIPTS.	SALES.	STOCK.	EXPORTS.	TONE.
New York	Middling uplands.	1054				
New Orleans		1054				
Mobile	Low middling.	10				
Charleston		9¾				
Savannah	Good ordinary.	9¾				
Galveston		9¾				
Norfolk	Net.	9¾				
Baltimore		10				
Philadelphia	Gross.	10¼				
Augusta		9¾				
Memphis		10				
St. Louis		10				
Cincinnati		10				
Louisville		10				
Boston		10¼				
Total						
New York	To Great Britain.					
New Orleans						
Mobile						
Charleston	To France.					
Savannah						
Galveston						
Norfolk	To continent.					
Baltimore						
Philadelphia						
Augusta	Coastwise.					
Memphis						
St. Louis						
Cincinnati						
Louisville						
Boston	Shipments.					
Total						

Consolidated net receipts 10,880.

PROVISIONS, GRAIN, ETC.

CONSTITUTION OFFICE,
Atlanta, May 9 1881.

The following are our opening and closing quotations of wheat, clear rib sides and mess pork in Chicago to-day: Wheat—May opened 103, closed 102¾; June opened 104⅝, closed 104⅝; July opened 104¼, closed 103⅞. Clear Rib Sides—May opened and closed ——; June opened 8.37½, closed 8.25; July opened 8.40, closed 8.32½. Mess Pork—May opened and closed ——; June opened $17.15, closed $16.87½; July opened $17.20, closed $16.70.

Flour, Grain and Meal.

ATLANTA, May 9—Flour—Steady with fair demand reported; we quote fancy $6.50@7.00; extra family $6.25@6.75; family $6.00@6.50. The higher prices are being demanded. Wheat—Chicago—The months eased off to-day and closed at a loss of ⅞c and 1⅜c for July. Local market is unchanged: No. 2 amber $1.31; No. 3 $1.28; moderate demand for lower grades. Corn—Choice dry corn is scarce and commands a ready sale at 77½c; the market contains a large stock of damaged corn, which ranges all the way from 40@75. Oats—Firm at 57@60c. Meal 74@75c. Grits—$4.00.

NEW YORK, May 9—Flour, southern quiet and unchanged; common to fair extra $4.75@5.20; good to choice extra $5.25@7.00. Wheat ½@1c lower except for No. 1 white; ungraded red $1.16@1.28. Corn steady on cash and ½@2½c lower on options with a moderate trade; ungraded 56@62. Oats a shade lower and dull; No. 3 45½@46. Hops steady; choice yearlings 12@18.

ST. LOUIS, May 9—Flour steady; double extra $5.90@$6.50; family $4.75@$5.00; choice to fancy $5.20@$5.85. Wheat strong and higher for cash and May; other options lower; No. 2 red fall $1.10@$1.11¾ cash; $1.07⅝@$1.10¾ May. Corn, cash higher; options lower; 44 cash; 42¾@42¾ June. Oats quiet; 36¾ cash; 35¾@36¾ May.

CHICAGO, May 9—Flour steady and unchanged; spring wheat $4.00@$5.25; fine Minnesota $5.50. Wheat active and lower; No. 2 Chicago spring $1.02¾@$1.03 cash; $1.02¾ May. Corn active but weak and lower: 42¾ cash; 42¾ June. Oats in good demand; 33½ cash and May.

LOUISVILLE, May 9—Flour steady; extra $3.00@$5 25; do. family $5.75@$4.25; A No. 1 $5.00@$5.25; choice to fancy $5.75@$6.50. Wheat steady at $1.08. Corn steady and in fair demand; No. 2 white 51. Oats steady; No. 2 white 42½@45.

CINCINNATI, May 9—Flour in fair demand; family $5.00@$5.15; fancy $5.40@$6.00. Wheat dull; No. 2 red winter $1.11. Corn active and firm; No. 2 mixed 47¾@47¾. Oats dull; No. 2 mixed 40.

Groceries.

ATLANTA, May 9—Market steady. Coffee—Steady with fair inquiry; Rio 12@16c. Roasted Coffees—Old government Java 29@32; best Rio 20; choice 18. Sugars—Firmer; standard A 10; granulated 10¾; cut loaf 11¾; powdered 11¾; white extra C 9¾; New Orleans sugars steady with prices maintained: off white 9¼@10c; yellow clarified 9@9½; seconds 8¾@8¾. Molasses—Black strap 30. Syrup—Steady; fair 50; prime 55; choice 60. Teas—Oolong 35@60; Japan 40@$1.50; imperial and Gunpowder 40@80; Young Hyson 27@75; English breakfast 35@75. Pepper quiet at 18; allspice, best sifted, 20; cinnamon 30; saigon 50; cloves 60; African ginger 10. mace $1.25; nutmegs $1.25@1.25; mustard 30@40; medium 18@25. Crackers steady; milk 7c; Boston butter 7c; pearl oyster 7c; soda XX 8; soda XXX 8¾; cream 7; lemon 7¾; Omaha sweet cakes 7; ginger snaps 7. Candy—Assorted stick 12. Mackerel—No. 3 bbls $6.50; ½ bbls $3.50; kits, 10 lbs 60; 12 lbs 65; No. 2 bbls $6.00; ½ bbls $4.50; kits 10 lbs 80; 12 lbs 85; No. 1 $11.00; ½ bbls $6.00; kits 10 lb $1.00; 12 lbs $1.10; cases $6.00, 1 lb cans. Raisins—Layer $2.00 per box. Candies—Full weight 13¾; no light weight on market. Matches—Firm at $2.50; 500's, in cases $4.50; in boxes 60. Rice—Steady; choice 7¾c; prime 7; fair 6¾.

NEW YORK, May 9—Coffee in fair demand at steady prices; Rio cargoes 9¾@12¾. Sugar stronger and in fair demand; fair to good refining 7 5-16 @7 7-16; prime 7¾; refined active and firm; standard A 8¾. Molasses firmer and in fair demand; refining test 34¼@35; Porto Rico 36@50; English Island 30@38; New Orleans 30@35. Rice steady and fairly active; Carolina and Louisiana 4¾@7¾.

Provisions.

ATLANTA, May 9.—The market contains light stocks. Clear Rib sides—Are in active demand at 9¾@9¾c; clear sides 9¾c; stocks limited. Mess Pork—Chicago—A material decline was effected by the movement of the market to-day. The lowest figures were reached before noon, after which time a reaction took place, and up to the close considerable irregularity prevailed; June closed Saturday $17.50, opened today $17.15, moved down to $16.45 and closed $16.67½; July closed Saturday $17.30, opened today $17.20, moved down to $16 50 and closed $16 70. Bacon—Firm; clear rib sides 10c@10¼c; clear sides 10c; sugar-cured hams 12@13c; canvassed hams 13@14c; sec 13c; breakfast bacon in strips 12a13c. Lard—Firm; we quote tierces, leaf, 13¾c; refined 12½c; kegs and cans 12½c; stocks limited.

LOUISVILLE, May 9—Porx steady at $18.00. Lard, prime steam none in market. Bulk meats dull and lower; shoulders 6; clear ribs 8.60; clear sides 9 90. Bacon dull and lower; shoulders 6 60; clear ribs 9.40; clear sides 9.85. Sugar-cured hams 11@11¾.

ST. LOUIS, May 9—Pork dull and lower; jobbing at $17.00. Lard lower at 10½ bid. Bulk meats dull and lower; shoulders 5.60; clear ribs 8.40; clear sides 8.65. Bacon dull and lower; shoulders 6¾; clear ribs 9.20; clear sides 9¾.

CINCINNATI, May 9—Pork dull and nominal at $17.25. Lard dull and lower at 10¾. Bulk meats dull and lower; shoulders 6½; clear ribs 8.25. Bacon inactive and lower; shoulders 6¾; clear ribs 9¾; clear sides 9¾.

CHICAGO, May 9—Pork dull, weak and lower; at time prompt sales at $16.70@16.75. Lard active but lower and very weak at 10 60. Bulk meats irregular; loose shoulders 5.80; clear ribs 8.45; clear sides 8.85.

NEW YORK May 9—Pork dull, heavy and lower; old $16.00. Middles dull and lower; long clear 8½; short clear 9¾. Lard about 40c lower and more active, closing weak at 11.25@11.35.

Drugs, Paints, Oils and Glass.

ATLANTA, May 9—Market fairly active; we quote: Indigo, best, 75@90; madder 14@15c; Epsom salts 3@4c; bluestone 9c; 10c; alum 4@5; cochineal 90c; magnesia carb. 35@45; flor. sulphur 4@5; roll sulphur 3¾@4; camphor 40@45; copperas 1½@2; asafœtida 85; opium, gum, $7.00; quinine $3.25; calomel 75@$1.00; blue mass 75c; morphine $5.00; chloroform $1.10@$1.25. Kerosene oil in bbls. 11c; castor oil $1.20@$1.25 gal; linseed oil, raw, 70; boiled 75; lard oil 90@$1.00, owing to quality; neat's foot oil, $1.00@$1.10; tanner's oil 65@75; lubricating oil 25@40; turpentine 50@55. White lead 7@8; furniture varnish $1.25@$1.50; coach varnish $1.75@$3.50; furniture glue 18@25; white 30@40; concentrated lye $3.00@$3.25 case of 4 dozen; putty 4½@5; mixed paints $1.50@2.00 a gallon; axle grease 75@$1.00 doz. Glass 8x10 $7.00; 10x12 $7.00; 10x14 $7.00; 10x16 $8.00; 12x14 $8.09; 12x18 $8.00; discount 45 per cent; quicksilver 60@75; shellac 55@60. Babbitt's potash $3.50; all other brands $2.85@$3.00.

Wines, Liquors, Etc

ATLANTA, May 9—The market steady. Corn whisky, rectified $1.00@$1.40; rye, rectified, $1.10@$1.50; rye and bourbon medium $1.50@2.00; rum, rectified $1.25@$1.75; New England $1.75@2.50; St. Croix $4.00; Jamaica $3.50@$4.00; gin, domestic $1.50@$2.00; imported $3.00@$4.00; Cognac brandy, domestic $1.50@$2.50; imported $5.00@$8.00; copper distilled corn whisky, Georgia made, $1.75; apple and peach brandy $2.00@$3.00; cherry and ginger brandy $1.00@$1.50; port wine $1.50@$6.00, owing to quality; sherry $1.50@$6.00; catawba $1.25@$1.75; champagne $1.00@$1.25.

CINCINNATI, May 9—Whisky active, firm and higher at $1.06.

LOUISVILLE, May 9—Whisky higher at $1.06.

CHICAGO, May 9—Whisky steady at $1.08.

ST. LOUIS, May 9—Whisky steady at $1.06.

Live Stock.

ATLANTA, May 9.—Cattle—Choice Tennessee scarce and in demand at 5; medium in fair demand at 4¾@5; common in moderate request at 2½@3; Georgia cattle 3½@4. Hogs—None; no demand. Sheep—Plentiful at 4¼@5.

CINCINNATI, May 9—Hogs steady; common and light $4.65@$6.25; packing and butchers $5.65@$6.50

SPECULATION!

$10, $20, $50 or $100.

Invested in our new money-making co-operative plan of speculating. Gives a Constant Income, and lays the foundation of your fortune. Send for our new pamphlet, free.

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THE BROWN COTTON GIN

Cleans the Seed better, runs lighter, gins faster, and costs less money than any other Gin in the market.

The brush is adjustable and it has driving pulley and belt at both ends. Every machine made of the best material and fully and legally guaranteed.

Price List of GINS, Feeders and Condensers.

Sizes.	Prices of Gins.	Price with Self Feeder or Condenser.	Price with Self Feeder and Condenser.
30 saw	$ 75 00	$100 00	$125 00
35 "	87 50	116 00	144 50
40 "	100 00	132 50	165 00
45 "	112 50	144 00	179 50
50 "	125 00	160 00	195 00
60 "	140 00	180 00	220 00
70 "	160 00	206 00	252 00
80 "	180 00	232 00	284 00

The above prices are for the machines boxed ready for shipment and delivered at our factory. Will name price delivered at any accessible point, free of freight, if desired.

Established 1843, at Columbus, Ga., under names of R.T. Taylor & Co., removing in 1858 to New London, Ct., where the present firm have since carried on the business. In addition to our already unequalled facilities we have created another large factory, thus doubling our capacity of manufacture.

Get your orders in at once and avoid a possibility of delay. *Extra inducements to early buyers.* Send for illustrated pamphlet giving new testimonials from hundreds of enterprising planters.

Presses, Engines, and complete outfits furnished when desired. Address

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DR. SANFORD'S LIVER INVIGORATOR

Only Vegetable Compound that acts directly upon the Liver, and cures Liver Complaints, Jaundice, Biliousness, Malaria, Costiveness, Headache. It assists digestion, strengthens the system, regulates the bowels, purifies the blood. A Book sent free. Dr. SANFORD, 162 Broadway, N. Y.

FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

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TRADE S.S.S. MARK.

RHEUMATISM

Springfield, Tenn., May 5, 1881.

Ten thousand dollars would not purchase from me what your remedy has effected in my cure. I had Malarial Rheumatism. Archie Thomas.

SELLING TEN BOTTLES A DAY.

Hot Springs, Arkansas, May 3, 1881.

I am selling ten to twelve bottles per day, and its reputation is better than that of the hot waters. O. A. Johnson.

CURES WHEN HOT SPRINGS FAIL.

Malvern, Arkansas, May 2, 1881.

We have sold several dozen of your S. S. S., and have cases right in our town who lived at Hot Springs, and were finally cured with your remedy.

McCammon & Murry.

Chicago, May 2, 1881.

Send us five gross Swift's S. Specific, by fast freight.

Vanshaack, Stevenson & Co.

Chicago, May 2, 1881.

Send us one gross Swift's S. Specific.

Morrison, Plummer & Co.

St. Louis, April 7, 1881.

Send us five gross Swift's S. Specific, as the demand is largely increasing.

Richardson & Co.

Dallas, Texas, May 2, 1881.

We have never sold an article that gave better satisfaction.

W. H. Patterson & Co.

St. Louis, April 10, 1881.

Send us five gross Swift's S. Specific at once.

Meyer Bros. & Co.

Muskegan, Mich., April 6, 1881.

After going to Hot Springs and spending all my money in vain, I believe your S. S. is going to cure me.

John Albus.

Perry, Ga., April 14, 1879.

I have known and watched the use of the medicine known as the Swift's Syphiltic Specific since the year 1827—over 50 years—and have never known or heard of an instance of failure to cure when properly taken. I commenced the use of it myself, on my slaves, between the years 1850 and 1855, and continued to the close of the wars as also did a number of my neighbors, and in every case that came within my knowledge it effected a cure. In the fall of 1835 my brother-in-law, George Walker, bought at auction a slave not warranted. After the purchase, it was discovered that he had Syphilis, and had suffered with it for twelve years. His head was without a hair on it. Immediately upon getting possession of him he commenced to treat him with this remedy, and in four weeks he was sound and well, and in a short time he had as fine a head of hair as ever owned by a negro. He owned the slave for many years, and he never had any return of the disease, and never lost a day's work. This is only one among hundreds of instances of remarkable cures made by this medicine. In all my past life I have never known a remedy that would so fully accomplish what is recommended for. H. L. Dennard.

Jeffersonville, Twiggs Co., Ga., September 27, 1880.

Five years ago I found among my plantation laborers a colored man who was badly diseased with Syphilis. He stated that five years before he had contracted the disease, and had been treated by many physicians, all of whom had failed to cure him. I treated him with your S. S. S., and in a short time he was sound and well, and he has not had a symptom of the disease since. There is no doubt of the merit of your remedy.

D. M. Hughes.

Easleys, S. C., April 29, 1880.

I have had remarkable success with your Swift's S. Specific. I have cured several cases, and cured them permanently in a very short time. One case which I am now treating with

Best Refrigerators, Beer Coolers, Filters, Fruit Jars, Fly Fans, Freezers, Pure Water, Fresh Fruit, Perfection Water Filters. Refrigerators and Coolers combined made by McBRIDE & CO. in Atlanta. Best and most economical yet discovered. Merchants look out. If you buy Fruit Jars, Fly Traps, Show Cases, Coolers, etc., before you get McBRIDE'S prices you will lose money.
jan26—dly above we re top col

COTTON AND WEATHER.

COTTON, middling uplands closed in Liverpool yesterday, at 5 13 16; in New York, 10¼; in Atlanta, 9¾.

The Weather.

The Signal Service Bureau report indicates for Georgia to-day, fair weather, southerly winds, stationary or higher barometer and temperature.

The chief signal officer at Washington furnishes the following special bulletin:

The indications are that fair weather will prevail to day in the middle Atlantic states, and to-day and to-morrow in the south Atlantic states; and that partly cloudy weather with occasional rain will prevail in the west gulf states, Ohio valley and Tennessee and the lake region to-day. The Missouri river will probably continue to fall, and the Mississippi to fall at St. Louis and rise at Leclaire and Davenport.

Daily Weather Report.

OBSERVER'S OFFICE, SIGNAL CORPS, U. S. A., KIMBALL HOUSE, May 9, 10:31, M P.

All observations taken at the same moment of actual time.

NAME OF STATION.	Barometer.	Thermometer.	Humid'y Pr ct	WIND. Direction.	WIND. Force.	Rainfall.	Weather
Atlanta	30.10	71	75	W.	Gent	.00	Cloudy.
Augusta	30.10	72	...	S. E.	Light	.00	Clear.
Corsicana	29 91	77	69	S.	Fresh	.01	Fair.
Galveston	29 97	79	90	S.	Fresh	.00	Cloudy.
Indianola	29 96	77	86	S.	Fresh	.10	Cloudy.
Key West	30.09	77	...	E.	Fresh	.00	Clear.
Mobile	30.11	76	...	S.	Fresh	.00	Fair.
Montgom'ry	30.13	72	88	S. E.	Light	.14	Fair.
Port Eads	30.09	75	90	S. E.	Brisk	.50	Cloudy.
Pensacola	30.13	74	86	S. E.	Fresh	.00	Cloudy.
Savannah	30.22	71	...	E.	Fresh	.00	Clear.

*100 per cent. indicates complete saturation.

NOTE—FORCE OF WIND: Light, 1 to 2 miles per hour, inclusive; Gentle, 3 to 8, inclusive; Fresh, 9 to 14, inclusive; Brisk, 15 to 29, inclusive; High, 30 to 39, inclusive.

Local Weather Report.

ATLANTA, GA., May 9, 1 1

Time.	Barometer.	Thermometer.	Humidity	WIND. Direction	WIND. Force.	Rainfall.	Weather.
6:31 a m	30.09	68	78	E.	Fresh	.00	Cloudy.
10:31	30.12	76	64	S. E.	Fresh	....	Cloudy.
2 p. m.	30.05	78	45	E.	Fresh	....	Fair.
2:31	30 05	78	42	E.	Fresh	....	Clear.
9 p. m	0.11	71	73	S. W.	Fresh	....	Clear.
10:32	30 10	71	75	W.	Gentle	.00	Cloudy.

Mean daily bar.....30 092 | Maximum ther.....59 8
Mean daily ther.....72 1 | Minimum ther.....66 2
Mean daily hua id. 67 3 | Total rainfall.....0 00

H. HAZY,
Sergeant Signal Corps, U. S. A.

Rogers & Sons and John Russell's Cutlery and Plated-ware; Haviland & Co's China, from France; Cut-Glass from Germany, Belgium and France; Earthenware, English and Domestic, in endless varieties and decorations, imported by myself direct from the manufacturers. I challenge competition in prices, style and quality.
H. SAY SELIZER
nov24—dly 1st pre loc

AT WHOLESALE.
THE "NEW" STEWART.
Agents and Dealers send for trade prices.
THE "GENUINE" STEWART.
Agents and Dealers send for trade prices.
Sewing Machine Attachments.
Agents and Dealers send for trade prices,
Sewing Machine Needles.
Agents and Dealers send for trade prices.
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Parts for all Machines.
Agents and Dealers send for trade prices.
Tin Paris Plaiters.
Young's Improved Plaiters.
Reemers, Journals, Casters, Belts, and other auxiliartes for all machines.
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Atlanta, Georgia.
july27—d12m pref lo

WATCHES,
Wholesale and Retail. Headquarters at
J. P. Stevens & Co
34 Whitehall Street.
mar6 dtf

Be Careful of Your Eyes.
A pair of speciacles should never be purchased from any person who is not thoroughly acquainted with the anatomy, physiology and diseases of the human eye, laws of light, and the science of optics. Yet it is strictly true, that a full knowledge of the above, combined with skill and experience, is absolutely necessary to correctly adjust to the eye a pair of spectacles. I find on returning to the city, after a long absence caused by sickness, that many of my customers have been obliged to purchase spectacles of dealers who sell them the same as any spectacles, without knowled e of the human eye, thereby causing serious injury. ALEX FOX, Optician, With A. F. Pickert, 5 Whitehall street.
dec6—dtf 4thp 1st col
SPECTACLES,
—AND—
EYE-GLASSES,
—AT—
J. P. STEVENS & CO.
apr13 dtf

MEETINGS.

[Notices of meetings, not exceeding ten lines, will be inserted under this head for one dollar.]

Attention, Knights Templar.

Members of Cœur DeLion Commandery No. 8, K. T. are earnestly requested to attend the regular conclave this Tuesday night, at 8 o'clock, sharp. Programme of exercises during grand conclave to be announced, and work in order of Red Cross. Visiting Knights courteously invited. By order

A. G. HOWARD, E. C.
B. F. MOORE, Recorder. may10 d1t

Germania Loan and Building Association No. 2.

The fourth annual meeting will be held at the Concordia Hall to night. Dues can be paid to Secretary Bernhardt Baumann & Kuhrt's store, or to night at the hall.
may10 d1t CHAS BEERMANN, Treas.

A Happy Wedding.

Yesterday the residence of Mrs. Henrietta Hollenbeck, 69 Luckie street, was the scene of a pleasant wedding. At half-past 12 o'clock Rev. J. H. Martin, pastor of the First Presbyterian church, united in marriage Mr. J. G. St. Amand and the estimable lady whom he had won—Mrs. Henrietta Hollenbeck. The parlors were decorated with a profusion of beautiful flowers sent in by the lady friends of the bride. The ceremony, which was very impressive, was witnessed by quite a number of the friends of the contracting parties, after which an excellent dinner was partaken of. The presents were numerous and valuable. Among the others was a silver tea set presented by Mr. St. Amand's, companions in business in the dry goods house of Moore, Marsh & Co. A check for a handsome amount was presented by the firm. Mr and Mrs St. Amand left the city at 2:30 o'clock via the Western and Atlantic railroad, and will spend the next two weeks visiting Chicago and making a tour of the lakes.

Terrible Loss of Life.

Millions of rats, mice, cats, bed-bugs, roaches, lose their lives by collision with "Rough on Rats." Sold by druggists, 15 cents.

PERSONAL MENTION.

—The many friends of Bishop Pierce will be pleased to learn that he is in the city.

—John H. James and family leaves for California on a pleasure trip next week for four weeks. He leaves Messrs. Phelps, Keith and Swann to run his bank.

AT THE KIMBALL FROM GEORGIA.

—J. A. Ray, Monroe.
—Ed Schaefer, Toccoa.
—W. G. Cooper, Rome.
—R. W. Grubb, Darien.
—W. J. Winn, Marietta.
—E. P. Newell, Monroe.
—B. S. Walker, Monroe.
—W. R. Power, Marietta.
—John W. Ward, Macon.
—W. A. Post, Grantville.
—W. W. Camp, Newnan.
—H. H. McIntyre, Rome.
—W. B. W. Dent, Newnan.
—George B. Turpin, Macon
—John S. Hunt, Barnesville.
—S. T. Bialock, Fayetteville.
—William Phillips, Marietta.
—Paul M Atkinson, Madison.
—William R. Johnston, Macon.
—L. W. Stern and wife, Savannah.
—William T. Wofford, Cartersville.
—N B. Atkinson and wife, Madison.
—T. U. Hogue and wife, Washington.

THE LUCKY LIBRARY.

The Postell Natural History Collection Being Arranged.

The Postell natural history collection which is now being arranged for exhibition at the Young Men's library is the largest collection in the southern states and has occupied nearly the lifetime of a man in its collection. It comprises over forty thousand shells from the mollusk creation embracing over five thousand varieties These shells are from every part of the globe, from the frozen zones to the equator, and placed upon the market would be worth about five thousand dollars. That amount of money would however not pay the expenses of the procurement of such a large and varied collection. The man who follows such a pastime must possess patience of a lasting quality, and be an earnest enthusiast along with it. The present collection was commenced in 1848 by James Postell, of St. Simon's island, who persevered until the breaking out of the war, at which time the collection was carefully packed and hid away in Ware county, where it remained four years. Since the war Mr. Postell has added no new specimens to his collection. There are also 220 species of eggs, embracing the eggs of the eider duck, from Labrador, and guillermot, from the frigid zone, with numbers of others from various parts of the world. Mr. Postell began the collection of the eggs when a schoolboy ten years of age.

Among the shells one of the most singular is the unio spinosus from the Altamaha river in Glynn county. These were first described in the Journal of the Academy of Natural Science in 1834 or 1835, and are more prized for their curious shape than on account of their scarceness. The haper nautilus from the Mediterranean sea is a beautiful and valuable shell. There are fourteen thousand small shells. It is a fact not generally known that snails lay eggs, and in the collection are many sizes of the eggs from the eggs of the great African arcbatina from the coasts of Africa to the pupa, and from all parts of the world. There are two hundred specimens of achatinella from the Sandwich islands. To mention each rare and valued shell would require too much space, but when the collection is arranged and ready for inspection it may be more fully described.

Mr. Postell has had many offers from men who want the collection, but he has never sold it, having determined to give it to some worthy institution where it could serve to interest present and future generations. He has therefore agreed to make the Young Men's library the lucky possessor and is now here arranging the collection in the cases, and by the first of next week it will be in a condition to receive the attention of the public. The collection will be placed in cases, which will occupy the third floor of the library building. Mr. Postell will be the curator of the collection and has been engaged by the library to spend two months—August and September —here in the management of the collection and in exchanging shells with other collections, thus constantly adding to the value of the present collection.

BARTON'S SENTENCE.

A Young Attorney Gets Four Years in the Penitentiary.

Early yesterday morning C. J. Barton the young attorney, who Saturday night last was convicted of perjury was brought into court, and by Judge Harris, of the Coweta circuit, sentenced to four years in the state penitentiary.

The particulars of the crime for which Barton is thus made a convict, have twice found publicity in these columns, and therefore will not be repeated here.

When the judge asked Barton if he had anything to say why sentence should not be pronounced upon him, he simply replied, "Nothing; I am innocent." Judge Harris then said that he would use no unnecessary words as it was the most painful duty of his life, but simply pass sentence upon the man a jury had found guilty.

After the sentence had been pronounced Barton's attorney notified the judge that they would move for a new trial and petitioned for privilege of giving bail which petition was granted, the amount being fixed at $500, but up to a late hour last night Barton had not perfected his release.

Barton, who is a young man of good intellect, came to Atlanta a few years ago and after following the printer's trade for some time embarked in the legal life, and by close application had secured a fair practice by which he supported himself and his family.

Until recently his character has been considered good generally, though there are many now who assert that they never had any confidence in him.

As to Barton before he came to Atlanta, nothing is known except what he himself tells. After his sentence yesterday he was interviewed by a CONSTITUTION reporter to whom he said that he came here from near Athens, where he was born. He says that he can boast as good connections as any one in the state, and protests his innocency.

During the conversation the reporter said to him: "Barton, you missed it by not skipping; why didn't you jump the town when that first indictment was quashed?"

"Skip nothing," was the reply in a firm tone; "I am not guilty and didn't fear anything, and if the jury had not been packed I would have been acquitted. No, there is a certain lawyer here in Atlanta who has been trying to make a convict of me for two years, and now, by getting a jury of his own selection he has succeeded. Why, Saturday night I stood under this window and saw the man he had engineered on that jury arguing the case. I tell you I never intended to leave Atlanta. If I go to the penitentiary I will serve my term and then come back here and live, thus showing them what an honest man can do. I proved a clear alibi but my enemies were stronger than I and conquered.

"Where were you Saturday night when the jury came in?"

"At home, in bed with my wife. I came here and then went to jail where I have since been until this morning."

There are a few who believe Barton guiltless, and sympathize with him in his troubles, whilst many say the case was clearly proven.

THE POLICE COMMISSION.

What was Transacted at the Regular Meeting Yesterday.

In regular session the board of police commissioners convened last night in their chambers at police headquarters. There were present Chairman Dodd, Secretary Goldsmith, Commissioners Fox, Hancock and Thrower.

The journal of the last session of the board was read and approved.

Chief Anderson's regular monthly report was read and accepted. The report shows that during the past month sixty-five state and three hundred and seventy-five city cases were made; that forty-seven of the state cases had been prosecuted and eighteen dismissed; that two hundred and forty-four of the city cases had been fined and one hundred and thirty-one dismissed; that the total amount of fines imposed by the recorder was $1,611 50; that of this amount $1,038 was collected; that 132.25 was remitted by the recorder; that $6 75 was lost by escapes from the public works; that $434 50 had been worked and was being worked out on the streets.

The sams report showed $1,671.65 was the amount of money paid to the city clerk for which his receipt had been given, and that $1,038 of the same was derived from the recorder's court, and $35.65 from station-house fees and impounding stock.

Mr. John Haskins appeared before the board and made complaint against two members of the force for trespassing upon his property in this, that they entered his premises without his permission. After considering the statement made by both the aggrieved and offending parties the question was, upon motion, dismissed.

Henry Isaacs, a colored gentleman, appeared before the board and asked whether or not a police officer had the right to shoot under a house at a dog, claiming that Patrolman Meeken had shot at one which ran under his house, located on King street in the third ward. The matter was passed for future consideration.

Commissioner Fox moved that a copy of general order number 4, which order prohibits an indiscriminate use of fire arms by the police force, be placed in the hands of the entire force and that all policemen be cautioned against entering any one's premises without having first obtained the occupant's permission.

The report of G. P. A. Sykes and J. F. Buchanan, station-house keepers, was read and is as follows:

ATLANTA, GA., May 1, 1881.—To the Honorable Board of Police Commissioners—Gentlemen: We have the honor to submit our report from the station-house docket for the month ending April 30, 1881.

Number of state cases 65; prosecuted 47.

The report of G. P. A. Sykes and J. F. Buchanan, station-house keepers, was read and is as follows:

Judge Pitchford bound over 5, dismissed 4. Total 6.

Judge Butt bound over 1; dismissed 1. Total 2.

Judge Rhea bound over 1. Total 1.

Judge Calhoun, lunacy 1.

Out by arresting officers and for want of prosecution, 18.

On warrants to other counties, 4.

No. meals furnished, 80; amount due for same, $9 35; amount collected for locking up and meals, $8 45. Very respectfully,

G. P. A SYKES,
J. F. BUCHANAN,
Station-house Keepers.

Upon motion the board adjourned.

SIDEWALK NOTES.

—The fourth annual meeting of the Germania Loan and Building association will be held at Concordia hall to-night.

—Snook has two handsome Cylinder desks very cheap; also 50 office desks to arrive, very cheap.

—Don't buy a watch until you have seen that immense stock. J. P. Stevens & Co.
apr13—tf uses thur sat

—100 bushels millet seed, good quality; New Jersey and Georgia seed and eating sweet potatoes. Five cars hay, four cars mixed oats, six cars mixed corn in store ready to ship. We are receiving daily early vegetables from Florida. Send your orders early. Simons & Drummond.
31 1 mays 21

—The Georgia Western is now on the boom—but wherever it may extend its lines it will be greeted by the happy faces of those who have been relieved of their neuralgia and headache by the use of neuralgine.
86 febddtf—sun thus thur

—Have your watches repaired by skilled workmen at J. P. Stevens & Co.
apr13—tf uses thur sat

—An Immense Success. Victor Baby Food. Twenty five cents. All druggists.
feb24—dly thur sun tues

—At Trinity church, Thursday evening, at 7½ o'clock, one of our most prominent wholesale merchants will lead one of Atlanta's fairest daughters to the hymeneal altar.

—In our notice of the celebration of "children's day" we omitted to say that Rev. Dr. Wills, and Hon. W. L. Baker, recently of Mobile, Ala., made excellent addresses to the children.

THE CITY COUNCIL.

Fixing the Appropriations for the Current Year.

Last night the city council, Mayor English presiding, convened in an adjourned session for the sole purpose of considering the appropriation of the current year.

After the roll call had ascertained a full attendance, the question was taken up, considered and finally disposed of as follows:

ESTIMATED RECEIPTS.

Real estate	$220,827 64
Personality	100,000 00
Street tax	8,500 00
Water-works	27,000 00
Commission sales	4,000 00
Retail license	24,000 00
Exhibition license	500 00
Dray license	2,000 00
Business license	22 000 00
Sale of burial lots	2,500 00
Recorder's court	8,000 00
Miscellaneous	19000 00
Unexpended balance from last year	8,419 16
Total	$443,746 8

DISBURSEMENTS.

Interest on bonded debt	$ 175,000 00
Reduction on floating debt	25,000 00
Water works bonds	3,500 00
Streets and bridges	40,000 00
Police	32,242 50
Salaries	19,050 00
Public buildings and grounds	2,000 00
Cemetery	3,000 00
Public schools	43,830 00
Fire department	10,000 00
Relief	1,650 00
Gas	11,000 00
Water works	24,000 00
Contingent	52,524 34
	$ 443,746 84

The reports of personal receivers showed the amount personalty returned 6,090,000 00
Estimated yet to be returned 510,000 00
Total $6,600,000 00

After completing the matter of appropriations, a resolution relative to the cow ordinance was introduced but action thereon deferred.

Several petitions were presented and referred, after which the council adjourned.

The Meeting of the Ladies Yesterday.

In the parlors of the Young Men's library building there was a meeting of the Ladies' memorial association yesterday evening, at five o'clock—which was largely attended.

At the designated hour Mrs. Dr. J. M. Johnson called the association to order and announced that the first business for consideration was the report of the committee, which was appointed at the last meeting to propose a corps of officers for the association.

The committee then, through Mrs. Pratte, submitted the following as their report, which was accepted:

Mrs. J. M. Johnson, president Ladies' memorial association: The committee appointed at a recent meeting of the association to consider all matters pertaining to a reorganization and to make such suggestions to the meeting called for to-day as they deem proper, beg leave to report:

That it would have given your committee very great pleasure to propose the names of the present officers of the association for retention in their respective offices, but while manifesting the deepest interest in the association and giving the most earnest assurance of their hearty co-operation the incumbents feel that a division of labor and responsibility is only fair and therefore they decline a re-election.

Among those suggested for the new organization will be found the name of a member of this committee. This is prescribed by the majority over her protest.

Your committee therefore proposes the following: For president, Mrs. W. W. Clayton; for vice presidents, Mrs. J. H. Morgan and George T. Fry; for treasurer, Mrs. H. W. De Saussure; for secretary, Mrs. W. D. Ellis.

Your committee suggests further, that with the permission of the Young Men's library association, which will doubtless be cheerfully given, a book suitable for a roll of membership be placed in the library hall in which all persons desiring to identify themselves more closely with the association and to help in the good work may write their names, at the same time depositing in a cash box, conveniently placed, the sum of 25 cents as an initiative fee. The present fund of the association is a fund with which to place headboards at the graves, which are now indistinguishable as they seem to be only to mark the rows. Surely we can put at each separate grave a little tablet, which shall give to each hero his individuality, and tell everybody that "sacred dust lies right here."

The association has done much, and it is a great pleasure to recur to its labors and success. The bodies of thousands as brave as ever stepped to the sound of martial music have been brought from battlefields and from distant graves, to rest in our beautiful home of the dead, just as they stood on the field—shoulder to shoulder.

A column of southern Georgia granite —pointing with its shadow to the heroes as they sleep, proclaims: "Our confederate dead." And year after year our association has by our noble people, coming with loving hearts and full hands, to this one of our many sorrowful duties.

What remains to be done may be done easily and we hope there will be no relaxation in this labor of love. Respectfully submitted, Atlanta, May 9, 1881.

MRS. B. A. PRATT
MRS. MALONE.
MRS E. F. HOGE.
MRS. JOHN MILLEDGE.
MRS. GEORGE T. FRY.

Adopted May 9, 1881.

The following resolution was offered and unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That Mrs J. M. Johnson, in her retirement from the office of president of our association, which she has so long filled with such signal ability and success, carries with her our lasting gratitude and most affectionate regard.

Mrs. Dr. Johnson then thanked the association for the confidence that had been expressed by her repeated re-election to the presidency, and complimented the organization upon the official selection just made.

The contemplated sale of the cemetery lot was discussed and finally disposed of by appointing Messrs. Hoge and Ellis as a committee to confer with the city council relative to the same.

Upon motion the association adjourned.

THE ROLLING MILL.

A Change Made by the Court in the Management of the Institution.

The Georgia iron works, locally known as the Atlanta rolling mill, yesterday passed into the hands of a receiver.

This change was brought about by the combined action of the bondholders and the employes of the mill, and will, it is thought, add to the interest of both.

The bill asking for the appointment of a receiver was drawn by Messrs. Hopkins & Glenn representing W. S. Thomson and G. J. Foreacre, trustees, and sets forth the fact that the Georgia iron works company is indebted to bondholders in the sum, of $250,000, as is evidenced by first mortgage bonds, $100,000 of which is due 1890, and $150,000 of which are due in 1900, all bearing interest at the rate of 7 per cent per annum.

The bill then recites that the company owes in addition to this bonded debt, its employes for labor done, and that its condition is such as to render the payment of both an impossibility, and in order to protect both and continue the working of the mill, prays the appointment of a receiver.

For several days past the rolling mill employes have suspected that all was not well, and Saturday night last a meeting of the amalgamated association of steel and iron workers was called to consider the question and ascertain, if possible, a solution. The meeting was well attended and resulted in the appointment of a committee consisting of James Dorsey, James Molsdale and W. J. Williams to confer with the managers of the mill. Early yesterday morning this committee waited upon Mr. Holland, president of the Georgia iron works company, and laid down their grievances, but were referred to Mr. Scofield the manager. To this gentlemen they said that they would like to be made secure for their wages which are soon due, and which amounts to between $6,000 and $8,000. In reply to this request Mr. Scofield told them that he could give them no further security than the material now in possession of company, and added that they could take that and make their money out of it.

Realizing that they could handle the material to no advantage the committee, after a consultation, determined to ask for the appointment of a receiver, and for this purpose returned to the office. When they imparted this knowledge to the managers they were informed that the bondholders were just then contemplating such action themselves. This pushed the employes to protect themselves, but about this time Mr. Tom Glenn, the bondholders attorney, appeared, and soon he and the boys were in consultation. After some conversation they joined hands and therefore the bill asking for the receiver was favored by both the mill men and the bondholders.

The employes of the mill put forward the name of Mr. Grant Wilkins for receiver and to him Mr. Glenn agreed, and therefore Mr. Wilkins was named as the receiver.

About four o'clock yesterday evening the bill was heard before Judge Hillyer and the, as requested, petition granted. Soon after Judge Hillyer's ex orther had been issued, Mr. Wilkins, who is in Augusta, was telegraphed and asked to accept, but up to a late hour last night had not responded.

The following extract from the bill indicates its import:

That a subpœna be issued for the defendant, and it may be made a party to this bill.

That a receiver be appointed to take the charge of all of the defendant's property, that he be directed to sell the iron on hand and pay the wages due the operatives, and that he be authorized to run and continue the regular business of the defendant until the further order of the court.

That petitioners further pray that the property be held by the court until such time as that it can be sold for the best interest of all concerned.

As will be seen by the above the material now on hand will be applied to the payment of the debts due the employes.

It is claimed by those who know that the mill is being—independent of its bonded debt—successfully conducted, and that it can be made to pay more than ruinous rates.

Although work is not going on to-day, there is no real cause for suspension, and before the week is out the hammer will be making its usual beat.

The stock of the Georgia iron works amounts to $250,000, one third of which is owned by the Citizens' bank and is set forth as a part of the assets of that defunct institution.

An English Ballad Concert.

The concert which Mr. Angier had promised our people this evening, for the benefit of the Young Men's library, has been postponed until Friday the 13th inst. Mr. Angier has been absent from our city for several years and has been under the best musical masters of Italy during that time, and has returned to us with his natural excellent voice highly cultivated, and with the admirable assistance of Miss Helen Kendrick and Mrs. Ida Wade as sopranos, Mr. Hallock as piano soloist, Miss Ketchum as accompanist, Messrs. Holmes and Pause as tenors and Mr. Josey Spiro as bass, our people can be assured of a most delightful musical treat. The library directors have made several efforts during this last season to add something to their treasury by means of various entertainments, but have been rather unfortunate in some of their ventures. They now, through the courtesy of Mr. Angier, propose this concert and have secured the very best musical talent in our city, and if our people do not give them a full house they will be the losers and not the library.

The price of admission has been placed at the low rate of 50 cents for general admission and 75 cents for reserved seats. The sale of reserved seats will begin at Phillips & Crew's on Wednesday morning.

The Young Men's Library.

The annual meeting of the Young Men's library association will occur this evening at the library hall. The reports of the officers for the past year will be read, and nominations for the officers for the ensuing year will be made. The election which occurs on next Tuesday is exciting considerable interest. The nominations will be made this evening. The ladies are especially invited to be present. A full meeting of all the members is expected.

JUST RECEIVED!
New Dress Goods, New Silks, New Designs for Trimmings, New White Goods, New Hosiery, New Madras Ginghams, New Piece Goods, Latest Foreign Styles for Gents'---Suits Made to Order,
New Carpets, Window Shades, Wall Paper.
NEW STYLES SHOES AND SLIPPERS.
Many Novelties Just in Throughout the Entire Store of
Chamberlin, Boynton & Co.
Agents Butterick's Patterns.

Fulton Superior Court.

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The festivities over the marriage continues. A splendid ball was given at Hofburg Saturday night. The emperor and imperial family, king and queen of the Belgeans and many foreign princes, Rudolph and Stephanie and the diplomatic corps were present.

At half past twelve o'clock this afternoon the queen of the Belgians and Princess Stephanie drove from Schoubrunn to the Sheresianum. There they dressed formal to the entry into the city. The sky was overcast and there were slight showers of rain. There were vast crowds of people to witness the entry. The route was lined by infantry. The procession was headed by a squadron of cavalry, followed by officials on horseback. Then came state carriages and a detachment of the Imperial Guards, after which came the bride's carriage drawn by six gray horses, surrounded and followed by mounted officials. Then came the Hungarian Guardists. At the triumphal arch, near Elizabeth bridge, the procession halted and the burgomaster, the council, and other municipal officers presented an address of congratulation and welcome. The procession then traversed the city to the imperial palace, where Princess Stephanie was received by Emperor Francis Joseph and Prince Rudolph.

PRINCE ALEXANDER

Threatens to Let the Bulgarians Go.

SOFIA, May 9.—Prince Alexander, of Bulgaria having received numerous complaints of the cabinet's maladministration, has issued a proclamation declaring that despite his honest attempts to guide Bulgaria into the path of progress, the country is descredited abroad and disorganized at home, and he has charged General Ernrath, minister of war, to form a provisional government. The national assembly will be summoned. If it assents to the measures which the prince thinks will indicate, he will consent to keep the crown, and will adhere to his oath to the constitution. He considers it his duty to declare that the present state of things renders their execution of his mission impossible. If the national assembly decides contrary to his views, he is determined to quit the throne with regret, but with the consciousness of having done his duty to the end. A provisional cabinet has already been formed, with General Ernrath president of the council, minister of war and of the interior; M. Zelesnikoff, minister of foreign affairs, and M. Stamvloff minister of justice. The other members of the former cabinet will retain their offices for the present. The ministers superseded are M. Karaveloff and Ziaveikoff.

BRIGHT'S DISEASE.

As Added to the Sufferings of the Fleeing Irish.

Special dispatch to The Constitution.

LONDON, May 9.—The debate upon the land bill in the house of commons to-night was adjourned till Thursday. After a long speech by Mr. John Bright, in the course of which, in defending the emigration clauses of the bill Mr. Bright said that if great fleet assembled at Cork or Galway, and offered free passage to the whole population of Ireland, and it was probable, that all, certainly that one half would find their way to the United States, which opened their doors to them. He should be sorry to see them go, but though emigration would be a hardship to parents it meant deliverance to the children from poverty and misery.

The motion for the morning sitting on Tuesday for the oath bill was opposed and Mr. Gladstone eventually consented not to hold one.

The Cuban Cable.

NEW YORK, May 9.—During the interruption of Key West and Havana cables a fast steamer will convey telegrams between those points sailing from Key West, daily, at 9 p. m., arriving at Havana at 5 a. m., and leaving at 6 a. m., arriving at Key West at 2:30 p. m. It is expected that communication by cable will be restored in a few days, possibly by Wednesday.

FOREIGN FLASHES.

THE czar and czarina entertained at Gratschana the Turkish and Persian envoys extraordinary sent to congratulate the czar on his accession to the throne.

B. H. SCHROEBER & Co., of Amsterdam, have failed. The firm is in good standing, and deal extensively in sugar and cotton. Some of their losses fell on London houses.

GENERAL SKOBELEFF and staff arrived at TASHOUDSKAN on April 28d and left next day for St. Petersburg via Astrachan. The principal leader of the Tekkos will come to Petersburg shortly.

BRADLAUGH in a lecture to night, said that if the government failed to-morrow to secure Tuesday for the consideration of the oath bill, it would be his duty again to present himself in the house to take the oath.

A DISPATCH from Constantinople says that the French ambassador here handed to the porte a note on Saturday last, saying that the dispatch of any armed force to Tunis by Turkey would be regarded as a casus belli.

AT the conservative peers' meeting to-day, the duke of Richmond proposed and Lord Cairns seconded the motion that the marquis of Salisbury shall lead the party in the house of lords, and it was carried unanimously.

THE magisterial inquiry held Saturday at Galway resulted in a committal for trial at Castlebar assizes of P. J. Gordon, who is now in the Kilmanham jail under the coercion act on the charge of inciting of the murder of two landed proprietorsin Mayo.

TWO youths were arrested at Chankoff on the 4th inst., for distributing a revolutionary proclamation to a religious procession. The authorities of Ekaterinoslav on May 4th forbade the use of boulevards as a public promenade because of the persecution of Jews.

AN official dispatch from Raumel Souk, dated to-day, says the Kroumir, finding themselves nearly surrounded, have evacuated without fighting the important position of Sidi Abdallah which the French occupied. The possession of it will virtually decides the campaign.

A DISPATCH from Durban to the Daily News says the British residents in Transvaal are leaving no stone unturned to upset the settlement. There are exaggerated accounts of the doings of both the Boers and the natives, but there is sufficient truth in them to give cause for anxiety.

It is understood that the resolution to abstain from voting on the land bill accepted at the meeting of the home rulers on Thursday is almost certain to be amended so as to enable the Parnellites to vote for the second reading of the bills. The party, however, will not issue a whip for division.

A BERLIN dispatch from Paris to the Post says: It is probable that after a preliminary conference and an exhaustive discussion, will adjourn for an indefinite period to give time for direct negotiations between various states on the basis of conclusions reached by the conference.

IN the monetary conference yesterday the German delegates declared that Germany recognized the expediency and necessity of arriving at an understanding with England in view of direct and important relations between the two countries, and the fact that the London market is the place where the German accounts current are liquidated.

THE man supposed to be a relative of O'Donovan Rossa, who was arrested in Dublin yesterday, is named John Devine. He is manager of a tannery and barnes establishment, is a nationalist, and an opponent of the land league. It is said several other persons will be arrested in Dublin on Monday, and among them are prominent members of the land league.

THE Pope received on Friday a telegram from the sultan, saying that the Tunisian question was occupying the attention of the powers, and that France had given very explicit assurances regarding the limitation of her operations, and especially with reference to the occupation of Biserta. In the face of these assurances it is considered improbable that the Bey has conceded to the demands of the French.

A REUTER'S Constantinople dispatch says M. Tissot, French embassador, informed the porte on Saturday that the French government had been apprised of the escape of some Turkish iron-clads for the Mediterranean, and protested against their going to Tunis. He declared that the French would fire on them if they attempted to put in there. The porte is preparing a circular to the powers on the threatening attitude of France.

GENERAL LOGEROT has visited General Forgemol's headquarters. Hence it is inferred that General Logerot's mission encountered little if any resistance. His column has reached Fernuits, in the Mersale district. General Brasmes's column has arrived at Sauk El Arabs. Eight thousand French troops have been landed at Biserta. The commander has forbidden for the time being all export trade from Biserta.

THE London correspondent of the Edinburg Scotsman states on high authority that the government attaches no importance to the disquieting rumors from the Transvaal. The government, he says, have every confidence in the Boer leaders, who they believe are acting with perfect frankness and honesty. The correspondent is equally assured that the foreign office is in no wise apprehensive in regard to Tunisian affairs.

IN the house of commons to-day Mr. Gladstone moved a resolution, praying the crown to provide a monument in Westminister abbey to Lord Beaconsfield. He appealed to the house not to make it a subject for partisan discussion. Labouchere, liberal member for Northampton, opposed the motion. The motion was adopted, yeas 380, nays 94. In the house of lords, Earl Granville made a similar motion, which was seconded by Lord Salisbury and was also adopted without division.

AT Saturday's sitting of the conference, Herr Thielmann, German delegate, replying to M. Cernuschi, French delegate, discussed the likelihood of partial dismemberment of Germany, calling in her theirs immediately, and said: in view of the relations between Germany and England—the London market being the place where German accounts current are liquidated—it is essential that Germany should retain the monetary system analogous to that of England.

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